NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 1. Organization and main activity

Enemona AD ("The Company") was initially registered as a partnership company in 1990 and in 1994 the Company was registered as a joint-stock company. According to the court registration the address of the Company is in the town of Kozloduy, 1A Panayot Hitov Str. The Company is a public entity and its shares are registered at the Financial Supervision Commission to be traded at the Bulgarian Stock Exchange. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 the major shareholder of the Company is Dichko Prokopiev Prokopiev. During the financial year there were no changes in the Company's legal status.

The Company is engaged in construction works, which covers all stages from design to assembly and construction activities under construction contracts. Management reviews the operating results of the Company on the basis of individual construction projects and as one operating segment.

### 2. Accounting policy

### 2.1 General financial reporting framework

These separate financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the interpretations, issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), as approved by the European Union (the "EU") and applicable in the Republic of Bulgaria.

### **Changes in IFRS**

### Standards and Interpretations effective in the current period

The following standards, amendments to the existing standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the EU are effective for the current period:

- IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014);
- IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014);
- IFRS 12 Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities, adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014);
- IAS 27 (revised in 2011) Separate Financial Statements, adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014);
- IAS 28 (revised in 2011) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014);
- Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements and IFRS 12 Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities – Transition Guidance, adopted by the EU on April 4, 2013 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014);
- Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 12 Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities and IAS 27 (revised in 2011) Separate Financial Statements – Investment Entities, adopted by the EU on November 20, 2013 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014);
- Amendments to IAS 32 Financial instruments: presentation Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, adopted by the EU on December 13, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014);

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 2. Accounting policy (continued)

### 2.1. General financial reporting framework (continued)

### Changes in IFRS (continued)

### Standards and Interpretations effective in the current period (continued)

- Amendments to IAS 36 Impairment of assets Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets, adopted by the EU on December 19, 2013 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014);
- Amendments to IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting, adopted by the EU on December 19, 2013 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014).

The adoption of these amendments to the existing standards has not led to any changes in the Company's accounting policies.

### Standards and Interpretations issued by IASB and adopted by the EU but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements the following standards, amendments to the existing standards and interpretations issued by IASB and adopted by the EU were in issue but not yet effective:

- Amendments to various standards Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2010-2012) resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 2, IFRS 3, IFRS 8, IFRS 13, IAS 16, IAS 24 and IAS 38) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording adopted by the EU on December 17, 2014 (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after February 1, 2015);
- Amendments to various standards Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2011-2013) resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 1, IFRS 3, IFRS 13 and IAS 40) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording adopted by the EU on December 18, 2014 (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015);
- Amendments to IAS 19 Employee Benefits Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions adopted by the EU on December 17, 2014 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after February 1, 2015),
- IFRIC 21 Levies, adopted by the EU on June 13, 2014 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after June 17, 2014).

### Standards and Interpretations issued by IASB but not yet adopted by the EU

At present, IFRS as adopted by the EU do not significantly differ from regulations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) except from the following standards, amendments to the existing standards and interpretations, which were not endorsed for use in EU as at (the effective dates stated below is for IFRS in full):

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018);
- IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016);
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017);

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 2. Accounting policy (continued)

### 2.1. General financial reporting framework (continued)

**Changes in IFRS (continued)** 

Standards and Interpretations issued by IASB but not yet adopted by the EU (continued)

- Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016);
- Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016);
- Amendments to IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016);
- Amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016);
- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Disclosure Initiative (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016);
- Amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 41 Agriculture Agriculture: Bearer Plants (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016):
- Amendments to IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016);
- Amendments to various standards Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2012-2014) resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 5, IFRS 7, IAS 19 and IAS 34) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016).

The Entity anticipates that the adoption of these standards, amendments to the existing standards and interpretations will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Entity in the period of initial application.

At the same time, hedge accounting regarding the portfolio of financial assets and liabilities, whose principles have not been adopted by the EU, is still unregulated.

According to the entity's estimates, application of hedge accounting for the portfolio of financial assets or liabilities pursuant to IAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, would not significantly impact the financial statements, if applied as at the balance sheet date.

The Company anticipates that the adoption of these standards, amendments to the existing standards and interpretations will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Company in the period of initial application.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 2. Accounting policy (continued)

### 2.2 Basis of preparation

The separate financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments and the deemed cost of buildings on the first time adoption of IFRS.

These separate financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis, under the going concern assumption. The management believes that the Company will continued its normal operations through self-financing, increasing the operations efficiency, financial support from the major shareholder where necessary, and the restructuring of the Company's financial liabilities, including bank loans. Further, the execution of activities under construction contracts at of the date of issue of these financial statements, as well as the estimated return on an exposure to a State institution as disclosed in note 32, will provide additional resources to settle the financial liabilities of the Company. Accordingly, the Company believes that it has adequate resources to continue its operating activities in the foreseeable future, which is not less than 12 months from the date of issue of these financial statements.

These separate financial statements should be considered together with the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. The consolidated financial statements will be issued after the date of issue of these separate financial statements.

### 2.3. Functional currency and presentation currency

According to the Bulgarian accounting legislation the Company keeps its records and prepared its financial statements in the national currency of the Republic of Bulgaria – Bulgarian lev, which effective January 1, 1999 is fixed to the euro at 1.95583 BGN for 1 EUR. The Company's functional currency is the Bulgarian national currency.

These separate financial statements are presented in thousand of BGN (BGN'000).

### 2.4. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are initially recorded at the official rate of exchange of the Bulgarian National Bank (BNB) as of the date of the transaction. The foreign exchange rate differences, arising upon the settlement of these monetary positions or at restatement of these positions at rates, different from those when initially recorded, are reported as financial income or expense for the period in which they arise. The monetary positions denominated in foreign currency as of December 31, 2014 are stated in these financial statements at the closing exchange rate of BNB.

### 3. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the separate financial statements, in accordance with IFRS requires management to make certain accounting estimates and reasonable assumptions that affect some of the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of these separate financial statements and the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on the information available at the date of preparation of the financial statements, and actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 3.1. Revenue and expenses under construction contracts

Construction contract revenue is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of each construction contract. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of information available about total contract revenue and costs. The total amount of expenses under construction contracts depends on the volume and amount of construction activities to be performed to meet the obligations of the Company. The volume and amount of future activities depend on future factors which may defer from the management's estimations.

### 3.2. Impairment of non-financial assets

Impairment exists when the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, whereas the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset or cash-generating unit in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal. Value in use is based on the discounted cash flow model. The cash flows are determined on the budget estimates for the next five years. Recoverable amount depends on the discount factor used in the discounted cash flow model and on the expected future cash flows, as well as on the growth assumption.

### 3.3. Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of financial assets is determined based on the estimated future cash flows discounted at the initial effective interest rate. When determining the expected future cash flows, the Company analyses the financial capabilities of its debtors and the estimated receivables collection period. As of the date of preparation of these financial statements, management is in the process of reviewing its financial assets for impairment.

### 3.4. Useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty include estimation of useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. In 2014 there are no circumstances that may trigger a change in the estimated useful lives of these assets.

### 3.5. Economic environment

In 2014 and 2013 as a result of the global financial and economic crisis, a decrease in the economic development of the Bulgarian economy is perceived which affects a wide range of industrial sectors. This leads to noticeable deterioration in cash flows and decline in income and as a result to substantial worsening of the economic environment in which the Company operates. Further, the entity is exposed to significantly higher price, market, credit, liquidity, interest, operating and other risks. As a result, uncertainty about customers ability to settle their liabilities in accordance with contracted terms increases. Therefore, the amount of impairment losses on interest-bearing loans granted, receivables from customers, and the value of other accounting estimates in subsequent periods could significantly differ from those estimated and reported in these separate financial statements.

### 4. Property, plant and equipment

	Land	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	Other	Acquisition cost of fixed assets	Total
Cost							
JANUARY 1, 2013	5,608	21,713	4,177	6,249	2,659	5,682	46,088
Additions	-	-	1,144	3	235	106	1,488
Disposals		(4,919)	(265)	(1,705)	(15)		(6,904)
DECEMBER 31, 2013	5,608	16,794	5,056	4,547	2,879	5,788	40,672
Additions	-	-	87	8	61	9	165
Transfers	-	(4,612)	-	-	-	-	(4,612)
Disposals		(3,375)	(342)	(127)	(208)		(4,052)
DECEMBER 31, 2014	5,608	8,807	4,801	4,428	2,732	5,797	_32,173
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
JANUARY 1, 2013		2,463	3,399	2,686	1,763	24	10,335
Depreciation charge	85	426	512	363	265		1,566
Disposals	-	(1,004)	(152)	(490)	(12)	2	(1,658)
Impairment recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income		_	5	_			5
DECEMBER 31, 2013		1,885	3,764	2,559	2,016	24	10,248
Depreciation charge		278	477	300	239		
Transfers		(604)	4//	300	239		1,294
Disposals		(574)	(309)	(102)	(177)	-	(604)
Impairment recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income	(#) (#)	(374)	(309)	(102)	(177)	15	(1,162)
DECEMBER 31, 2014		985	3,932	2,757	2,078	39	9,791
,_,_,							
Net book value							
JANUARY 1, 2013	5,608	19,250	778	3,563	896	5,658	35,753
DECEMBER 31, 2013	5,608	14,909	1,292	1,988	863	5,764	30,424
DECEMBER 31, 2014	5,608	7,822	869	1,671	654	5,758	22,382

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of BGN 101 thousand and BGN 756 thousand, respectively, are leased under financial lease contract (see note 13).

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of BGN 13,353 thousand and BGN 15,343 thousand, respectively, are pledged as collateral under bank loan agreements (see note 12).

During 2014 the Company considered that used insignificant part of its buildings of EUR 4,008 in business activity, therefore elect to re clasify them from own occupied to invesment property with the intention to use them for rent or capital gains. As of the transfer date no rezult is recognised in profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 4.1 Investment property

As of 31 December 2014 the Company measured its investment properties using fair value, appreciated by professional valuator. The change in the fair value is presented in note 23 in the statement of comprehensive income.

As of December 31, 2014 investment properties with a market value of 10,361 thousand are pledged as collateral for bank loan agreements (see note 12).

### 5. Intangible assets

	Property rights	Software	Total
Cost			
JANUARY 1, 2013	1,447	258	1,705
Additions	14	-	-
Disposals			
DECEMBER 31, 2013	1,447	258	1,705
DECEMBER 31, 2014	1,447	258	1,705
Accumulated amortization			
JANUARY 1, 2013	890	204	1,094
Amortization charge	62	20	82
Disposals			
DECEMBER 31, 2013	952	224	1,176
Amortization charge	59	10	69
Disposals		(22)	(22)
DECEMBER 31, 2014	1,011	212	1,223
Net book value			
JANUARY 1, 2013	619	68	687
DECEMBER 31, 2013	495	34	529
DECEMBER 31, 2014	436	23	459

### 6. Investments in subsidiaries and associates

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 investments in subsidiaries and associates consist of:

	As of	As of
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Investments in subsidiaries	14,504	17,108
Impairment of investment in subsidiaries – note 6.1	(1,656)	(1,656)
Investment in subsidiaries, net – note 6.1	12,848	15,452
Investments in associates – note 6.2 TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND	4	4_
ASSOCIATES	12,852	15,456

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

# Investments in subsidiaries and associates (continued)

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## 6.1. Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

		SHARE	Ш	CARRYING AMOUNT	AMOUNT
COMPANY	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	As of 31,12,2014	As of 31.12.2013	As of	As of
Enemona Utilities AD	Electricity trading	92.25%	92 75%	1 640	1 640
FESF RFIT	Company with special investment purpose –		2,00	1,040	1,040
	securitization of receivables	37.28%	88.20%	2 331	4.818
Pirin Power AD	Designing and building of projects in energy sector	84.00%	84.00%	45	4,010
FINIREIT	Company with special investment purpose - real			1	7-
	estate purchase	69.23%	69.23%	361	450
Hemusgas AD	Construction of compressor houses	%00.05	20.00%	30	9C+
Esco engineering AD	Heating and climatization projects	200.00	0/00.00	77	C7
TEEZ Millions I E A D	creating and communication projects	33.00%	%00.66	73	73
IFEZ INIKOPOI EAL	Construction of electric power plant	100.00%	100.00%	1,903	1.886
Nevrocop-gas AD	Gas trading	%00.06	%00 06	. 9	75
EMKO AD	Construction contracts	7076 11		# :	t t
A more of the second of the se		17.36%	11.36%	4,613	4,613
First 1 1 100 PAD	Opencast mining of brown and lignite coal	%00.06	%00.06	1,800	1.800
FEZ Miadenovo EUUD	Prospecting, design, construction and assembly,			•	
	commissioning, reparation, servicing and engineering				
	works	100 00%	100 00%	09	03
Regionalgas AD	Gasification projects	50.00%	20.00%	3	00
TOTAI					
TOTAL				12,848	15,452

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 6. Investments in subsidiaries and associates (continued)

### 6.1. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Regionalgas AD is subsidiary of Enemona Utilities AD, which as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 owns 50% of the shares of Regionalgas AD, or the direct share of the Company in Regionalgas AD is 50%.

The management of Enemona AD considers that the investments in Regionalgas AD and Hemusgas AD do not represent joint-controlled activity, as the Company manages the financial and operating policy of these companies.

On January 30, 2014 a contract for selling its shares in Nevrocop-gas AD was signed by Enemona AD, the gain under the agreement is BGN 355 thousand.

On August 20, 2014 an agreement for sale of 1,143,000 shares of the capital of EESF REIT, representing 25,66% of the capital has been signed. The Company has the right to buy back the shares within a 3-year period and agrees to buy back the shares after the expiration of the 3-year term at a fixed price. In the present interim separate financial statements, the transaction has been presented as a sale and the Company has reported gain from sale at the amount of BGN 396 thousand, due to the fact that the buyer has a right of dividend and voting right in the general meeting of shareholders of EESF REIT. The Company has committed to securing a minimum fixed return on the shares for the investor. While The Company performs its obligations during the contract duration, it considered that holds the control over the potential voting rights. During 2014 the company sold a total of 629,000 more shares in the capital of the EESF REIT as a net profit of 181 thousand.

On August 5, 2014 the Company has signed an agreement for sale of 89 466 shares of the capital of FINI REIT, representing 13,76 % of the capital of the subsidiary. The market price is BGN 1 per share and the Company does not report a financial result from the transaction.

The management of Enemona AD considers that the investments in Regionalgas AD and Hemusgas AD do not represent jointly control activity, as the Company controls the financial and operating policy of these companies.

### 6.2 Investments in associates

The investments in associated companies as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	SHAR	E	CARRYING .	AMOUNT
	As of	As of	As of	As of
COMPANY	31.12.2014 3	1.12.2013	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Alpha Enemona OOD TOTAL	40%	40%	4	4 4

In these separate financial statements the investments in associated companies are presented at carrying amount (cost), as the management of the Company estimated that there are no indications of impairment of investments in associated companies as of December 31, 2014 and 2013.

### 6. Investments in subsidiaries and associates (continued)

### 6.2 Investments in associates (continued)

Summarized financial information of the associated companies as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

Alfa Enemona OOD	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
Total assets Total liabilities Net assets Share of the Company in net assets of the associated company	312 46 266 106	359 50 309 124
Alfa Enemona OOD	Year ended 31.12.2014	Year ended 31.12.2013
Total revenue Profit for the period Share of the Company in the profit of the associated company	720 266 106	814 282 113

### 7. Current and non-current loans and advances

Current and non-current loans and advances as of December 31, 20134 and 2013 are as follows:

Non-current loans and advances	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
Loans granted to employees	956	1,067
Receivables on ESCO contracts – non-current portion	3,704	3,976
Cessions receivables	1,708	3,268
Other assets	12	10
Discount of receivables under ESCO contracts – non-current portion	(972)	(1,101)
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LOANS AND ADVANCES	5,407	7,220
Impairment of loans granted to employees	(597)	(597)
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LOANS AND ADVANCES, NET	4,811	6,623
Current loans and advances		
Receivables on ESCO contracts – current portion	1,993	2,090
Cessions receivables	4,977	3,135
Loans granted to related parties (note 27)	-	298
Loans granted to non-related parties	9,382	11,279
Discount of receivables under ESCO contracts - current portion	(86)	(94)
TOTAL CURRENT LOANS AND ADVANCES	16,266	16,708
Impairment of loans granted to non-related parties	(1,030)	(3,782)
TOTAL CURRENT LOANS AND ADVANCES, NET	15,236	12,926

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 7. Current and non-current loans and advances (continued)

Loans granted to related parties, non-related parties and employees are not secured, with interest rate from 6% to 9%.

Receivables under ESCO contracts of the Company represent receivables under contracts for performing engineering with guaranteed result (ESCO contracts) where the Company performs construction and engineering works and deferred payment is contracted. Receivables under ESCO contracts are presented at amortized cost.

Cession receivables as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 represent the value of a cessed receivable to a local company.

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The movement of the allowance for impairment of receivables is presented below:

	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	4,379	4,379
Reversals of impairment losses on non-current loans and receivables	2 <b>7</b> A	
Reversals of impairment losses on current loans and receivables	(2,752)	<u></u>
BALANCE AT THE END OF THE YEAR	1,627	4,379
Inventories		
	As of	As of
	31,12,2014	31.12.2013

	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
Materials	3,377	7,900
Finished goods	*	797
Work in progress	123	156
TOTAL INVENTORIES	3,500	8,853

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 the Company has accrued impairment of inventories at the amount of BGN 84 thousand and BGN 118 thousand, respectively.

As of December 31, 2014 inventories at cost amount of BGN 3,137 thousand (2013: BGN 8,488 thousand) are pledged as collateral under a loan (see also note 12).

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 9. Trade and other receivables

	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
Receivables from customers	16,140	19,242
Retentions	5,354	6,107
Receivables from related parties (note 27)	594	2,097
Advance payments to supplier	17,336	8,491
Advances to employees	223	328
Other receivables	3,657	4,509
TOTAL TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	43,304	40,774
Impairment of receivables from customers	(3,765)	(5,870)
TOTAL TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET	39,539	34,904

The movement of the allowance for impairment of doubtful receivables is presented below:

	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	5,870	5,936
Recognized loss from impairment of receivables	4	57
Recovered during the year	(2,109)	(123)
BALANCE AT THE END OF THE YEAR	3,765	5,870

Following the requirements of IAS 39, the Company has developed qualitative and quantitative measures for assessment of risks, related to its expositions to clients and to determine the allowance for impairment for accounting purposes on individual basis.

These qualitative and quantitative measures for assessment of risks include overdue receivables, credit status, deterioration of the market position of the client and change of the legal environment in which the Company operates.

Every exposition is assessed individually and if any risks are identified, based on the description above, allowance for impairment is accrued. Determining the allowance for impairment includes and the expected cash flows, taking into account the specific circumstances.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 9. Trade and other receivables (continued)

Receivables which are overdue less than 1 year are not considered impaired due to the nature of the operating cycle of the Company. Trade and other receivables include receivables which are overdue more than 1 year, but management believes that they are recoverable because there is no deterioration in the customers' credit status. Receivables from customers which are overdue, but not impaired are as follows:

	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
1 – 1,5 years	1,062	635
1,5-2 years	799	1,126
Over 2 years	2,922	3,060
TOTAL	4,783	4,821

Receivables from customers, which are overdue but not impaired, are not collateralized and the Company has no legal rights to off-set these receivables against its own receivables to respective counterparties.

The ageing analysis of the impaired receivables from customers as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
1 - 1.5 years	295	2
1.5 – 2 years	1,215	420
Over 2 years	4,496	7,264
Total	6,006	7,686

### 10. Cash and cash equivalents

	As of	As of
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Cash at banks	1,879	250
Restricted cash at bank	61	178
Cash in hand	12	428
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,952	856

As of December 31, 2014 restricted cash at the amount of BGN 61 thousand (2013: BGN 178 thousand) represents cash in bank account restricted as collateral under guarantees issued.

For the separate statement of cash flows purposes restricted cash is not included in cash and cash equivalents.

### 11. Share capital and premium reserves

The share capital includes:

	As of	As of
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Ordinary shares – note 11.1	11,934	11,934
Preferred shares – note 11.2	1,103	1,103
TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL	13,037	13,037
Premium from share issuance – note 11.3	8,739	8,739
TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL AND PREMIUM RESERVES	21,776	21,776

### 11.1. Ordinary shares

	As of	As of
	31.12.2014_	31.12.2013
Number of shares	11,933,600	11,933,600
Nominal value per share in BGN	1_	1
SHARE CAPITAL – ORDINARY SHARES	11,934	11,934

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 the ownership over the ordinary shares is as follows:

	As of		As of	
	31.12.2014	%	31.12.2013	%
Dichko Prokopiev Prokopiev	6,952,533	58,26	5,916,518	49,58
Other shareholders	4,981,067	41,74	6,017,082	50,42
TOTAL ORDINARY SHARES	11,933,600	100.00	11,933,600	100.00

The share capital of ordinary shares is fully paid in as of December 31, 2014 and 2013. The Company's share capital includes in-kind contribution in the form of title of property over three combined trademarks with fair value at the amount of BGN 1,400 thousand, obtained through independent appraiser's report. Titles of property are presented as intangible assets (see note 5, above).

Enemona AD is registered as a public company and Company's shares are traded on the Bulgarian Stock Exchange.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 11. Share capital and premium reserves (continued)

### 11.2. Preferred shares

On April 2, 2010 Financial Supervision Commission registered an emission of Company's preferred shares for regulated market trade. The emission amounts to BGN 1,103 thousand distributed in 1,102,901 preferred shares with no voting rights, guaranteed dividend, guaranteed liquidity share, convertible in ordinary shares in March 2017 with nominal value BGN 1 each. Preferred shares bear guaranteed cumulative dividend at the amount of BGN 0.992 per share in the next 7 years.

The Company recognized initially the issued preferred shares as a compound financial instrument and determined financial liability related to dividend payables and reported the residual amount as increase in share capital. The total amount of the cash received is allocated as follows:

	Upon initial	As of	As of
	recognition_	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Preferred shares – nominal value	1,103	1,103	1,103
Premium from share issuance	5,425	5,425	5,425
Financial liability on preferred shares	4,412	1,923	2,619
Dividend payables on preferred shares	=	2,672	2,199
TOTAL CASH RECEIVED	10,940	11,123	11,346

### 11.3. Premium from share issuance

	As of	As of
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Balance as of January 1	8,739	8,739
(Prior period loss coverage)		
Balance as of December 31	8,739	8,739

### 11.4. Reserves

Company's reserves represent its legal reserves and are formed based on decision of the shareholders. Legal reserves could be used to cover accumulated losses or for increase of capital.

In 2009 the Company issued 5,966,800 warrants with issue value BGN 0.17 each and total issue value BGN 1,014 thousand. The total emission value is accounted for in the Company's reserves.

Each warrant of the issuance gives the right to its owner to subscribe a share in case of future capital increase of the Company against payment of issue value of the new shares at the amount of BGN 18.50 each. This right can be exercised within 6 years.

### 11.5. Revaluation reserve

As of December 31, 2014 the Company reported in retained earnings the amount of EUR 1, 533 thousand, representing revaluation reserve of building properties, valued in 2007 and classified to retained earnings in 2008. The revaluation reserve is not subject of distribution to the shareholders.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 12. Loans

### 12.1 Loans repayment term

Loans received by the Company according to their contractual repayment term are, as follows:

	As of	As of
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Up to 1 year	66,774	59,684
Over one year	10,397	6,725
TOTAL LOANS	77,141	66,409

Credit lines and overdrafts are presented as due up to one year. The Company usually renegotiates its credit lines and overdrafts.

Loans received by the Company as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	As of	As of
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Borrowings from financial institutions – Note 12.2	63,052	63,161
Loans from related parties – Note 27	12,576	1,178
Loans from non-related parties – Note 12.3	1,513	2,070
TOTAL LOANS	77,141	66,409

### 12.2 Borrowings from financial institutions

Borrowings from financial institutions, received by the Company as of December 2014 and 2013 are, as follows:

	Note	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
		31.12.2011	31.12.2013
Credit line – SG Expressbank AD	(a)	17,566	18,296
Credit lines – Unicredit Bulbank AD	(b)	19,020	19,199
Investment loans – DSK Bank AD	(c)	9,528	10,227
Credit line – D Bank	(d)	<u> </u>	1,412
Investment loan – Unicredit Bulbank AD	(e)	1,580	2,087
Credit line – ING Bank AD	(f)	450	1,178
Credit line – MKB Unionbank AD	(g)	_	1,181
Credit lines- International Asset Bank AD	(h)	3,805	2,772
Overdraft - Investbank AD	(i)	10,355	4,409
Credit lines – Alfa bank	(j)	-	1.196
Corporate credit cards – Unicredit Bulbank AD	(k)	1	2
Credit cards – ING Bank AD	(1)	55	-
TOTAL LOANS FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	_	62,360	61,959

As of December 31, 2014 the Company has received the amount of BGN 692 thousand (1,202 thousand as of December 31, 2013) on short-term borrowings from non-financial institutions

### 12. Loans (continued)

### 12.2 Borrowings from financial institutions (continued)

The main parameters of loans received from financial institutions are as follows:

- (a) In May 2010 the Company has received a revolving loan from SG Expressbank at the amount of EUR 15,325 thousand to finance a project for cabling and installing of monitoring and measurement equipment and automation in Units 3 and 4 of Mochovce Nuclear Power Plant, Slovak Republic. The loan is collaterized by a pledge of receivables under the contract, pledge of materials and equipment. As of December 31, 2014 BGN 13,327 thousand have been utilized.
  - In July 2011 the Company has signed a contract for financing of construction and assembly activities, with a total limit of EUR 5,000 thousand. As of December 31, 2014 the amount of BGN 4,239 thousand have been utilized.
- (b) As of December 31, 2014 the Company has utilized BGN 15,706 thousand under a combined credit line, contracted with Unicredit Bulbank. The credit line limit is EUR 8,500 thousand. In order to secure the loans from Unicredit Bulbank the Company has established a mortgage of land and buildings and pledge of present and future receivables from a customer.

The Company has received four combined credit lines from UniCredit Bulbank AD to finance specific contracts, secured by present and future receivables from contracting parties under those contracts. The main parameters of the credit lines are as follows:

- > Total amount of EUR 297 thousand of which EUR 250 thousand for working capital. The amount is fully repaid as of December 31, 2014
- > Total amount of EUR 600 thousand, of which EUR 500 thousand for working capital. The amount utilised as of December 31, 2014 is BGN 731 thousand.
- Total amount of BGN 2,910 thousand Levs, of which BGN 2,500 thousand for working capital. The amount utilised as of December 31, 2014 is BGN 1,887 thousand
- ➤ Total amount of BGN 2,100 thousand, of which BGN 2,000 thousand for working capital. The amount utilised as of December 31, 2014 is BGN 696 thousand.
- (c) Loans from DSK Bank are granted for financing of Company's energy efficiency projects. Limits of the loans are EUR 7,750 thousand and as of December 31, 2014 the Company has utilized BGN 9,528 thousand. In order to secure the loans from DSK Bank the Company has issued a promissory note, pledge of future receivables from customers under financed projects and finance risk insurance.
- (d) On October 4, 2013 the Company has signed a contract with D Bank AD regarding a new combined credit line for the purpose of financing a specific contract at total size of BGN 2,351 thousand, of which BGN 1,820 thousand for working capital. Loans are secured by a pledge of receivables on certain contract. The amount is fully repaid as of December 31,2014.
- (e) The Company has received an investment loan from Unicredit Bulbank for the purchase of the office building of the Company in Sofia. As of December 31, 2014 the utilized amount is BGN 1,580 thousand. The loan has been secured by a mortgage on the building and its surrounding land.
- (f) The Company has received a credit limit for working capital financing and bank guarantees issue by ING Bank N.V. Sofia branch at the amount of BGN 17,800 thousand, from which as of December 31, 2014 the utilized amount is BGN 450 thousand as overdraft. The two credit lines, securing working capital needs for the execution of specific contracts are fully repaid. As a

### 12. Loans (continued)

### 12.2 Borrowings from financial institutions (continued)

security the Company has established collateral of present and future receivables from a customer, owned by the Company and a promissory note in favour of the bank has been issued.

(g) On March 28, 2012 the Company has signed a new credit line agreement with MKB Unionbank AD for financing a certain contract. The total amount is EUR 4,800 thousand and of which EUR 2,500 thousand for working capital. The amount is fully repaid as of December 31,2014. Loans are secured by pledge on receivables on the respective contract.

(h)As of December 31, 2014 the Company has signed four credit lines from International Asset Bank that are to finance working capital needs for business and needs to perform a specific contract. On April 28, 2014. The Company signed a credit line to finance ESCO contract with a limit of 3,050 thousand, of which BGN 2,900 thousand are for working capital. The total amount of the four credit lines is 8,786 thousand and utilized amount to December 31, 2014 is 3,805 thousand. Credit obligations are secured by a pledge of receivables under contracts and invoices.

- (i) The Company has received a credit facility for working capital financing and bank guarantee issue from Investbank AD at the amount of BGN 25,079 thousand as an overdraft and credit line. As of December 31, 2014 the Company has utilized BGN 10, 355 thousand, securing working capital needs for the execution of a certain contracts. The loan is secured by pledge on land, current and future receivables from customers, owned by the Company and a promissory note in favour of the Bank.
- (j) On February 26, 2013 the Company has signed an agreement with Alpha Bank AD regarding a new combined credit line for the financing of a certain contract with total amount of EUR 1,667 thousand, of which EUR 1,607 thousand for working capital financing. Loans are secured by a pledge of receivables on certain contract. The amount is fully repaid as of December 31, 2014.
- (k) The Company has signed an agreement with UniCredit Bulbank AD for issuing corporate credit cards with a limit of BGN 100 thousand. The outstanding amount as of December 31, 2014 is BGN 1 thousand.
- (1) The Company has signed an agreement with ING Bank AD for issuing corporate credit cards with a limit of BGN 195 thousand. The outstanding amount as of December 31, 2014 is BGN 55 thousand.

The Company has signed loan agreements for issuance of bank guarantee with First Investment Bank AD at the amount of EUR 3,000 thousand. The loan is secured by a pledge on future receivables from customers for which the bank guarantees have been issued. As of December 31, 2014 the Company has no liabilities on loans related to the credit facility.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 12. Loans (continued)

### 12.2 Borrowings from financial institutions (continued)

### Covenants under loan contracts

In accordance with the provisions of the bank loans, the Company should comply with a number of financial covenants. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 the Company is in compliance with all financial covenants.

### 12.3. Loans from non-related parties

As of December 31, 2014 the loans from non-related parties consist from unsecured loans from Enida Engineering AD, Izolko OOD, SIP OOD and DZZD Consortium Emis at the amount of BGN 14 thousand, BGN 287 thousand, BGN 12 thousand and 1,199 thousand, respectively. The loans have interest rates between 8% and 9% and maturity in 2014.

As of December 31, 2013 the loans from non-related parties consist of unsecured loans from Izolko OOD and SIP OOD at the amount of BGN 1,543 thousand and BGN 527 thousand, respectively. The loans bear interest rates between 8% and 9% and maturity in 2013, and the term has been expended.

### 13. Finance lease

Part of the tangible fixed assets owned by the Company has been leased under finance lease contracts. The average term of the contracts is three years. The average effective interest rate under the finance lease contracts is 7%. The fair value of the lease liabilities of the Company is close to their carrying amount.

	Minimum lease liabilities		Present value of minimum lease liabilities	
	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
Liabilities under finance lease with maturity:				
Up to 1 year	61	80	60	78
Between 2 and 5 years	35	95	31	87
TOTAL LIABILITIES	96	175	91	165
Less: future finance charges	(5)	(10)	¥	-
PRESENT VALUE OF LIABILITIES	91	165	91	165

### 14. Provisions

Provisions represent accruals for unused paid leave at the amount of BGN 242 thousand and BGN 358 thousand as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Company has accrued provision at the amount of BGN 1,875 thousand and BGN 3,035 thousand as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, for performance of contractual obligations under construction agreements.

### 15. Long-term employee benefits

In accordance with the Bulgarian Labour Code, upon termination of labour contracts, when the employee is entitled to retirement benefits, the Company owes severance payments of 2 gross monthly salaries. In case the employee has worked for more than 10 years with the Company, the severance payment is 6 gross monthly salaries. As of December 31, 2014 the Company has accrued BGN 399 thousand for provision of long-term employee benefits as the provision is calculated by a licensed actuary.

The basic assumptions, used by the licensed actuary for calculation of the present value of liabilities are based on:

- Demographic assumptions
- Mortality chart
- Invalidation chart
- Retirement probability
- Financial assumptions
- Salary growth

16.

• Discount rate – due to the long-term nature of the liability, a 6% discount rate has been applied.

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation in the current period are presented below:

	Year ended 31.12.2014	Year ended 31.12.2013
AS OF JANUARY 1	368	62
Interest cost	13	16
Current service cost	77	141
Benefits paid	(97)	(67)
Actuarial losses	38	216
AS OF DECEMBER 31	399	368
Trade and other payables		
	As of	As of

* •	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
Payables to suppliers	13,615	16,163
Payables to related parties (note 27)	3,774	2,803
Payables for dividends on preferred shares	2,672	2,199
Payables to staff	4,694	2,199
Payables to social insurance organizations	6,654	4,664
Payables for VAT liabilities in Bulgaria and abroad	2,525	4,371
Payables under tax liabilities on individuals in Bulgaria and abroad	3,873	2,265
Other payables	3,234	3,207
TOTAL TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	41,041	37,871

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 17. Revenue

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Revenue from construction contracts	61,945	60,615
Revenue from sales of assets	10,299	_
Revenue from services	279	219
TOTAL REVENUE	72,523	60,834

The information on construction contracts in progress as of the end of the reporting period is presented below:

	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
Construction costs incurred plus recognized profits less recognized losses		
to date	294,611	244,779
Less: Progress billings	(262,010)	(223,803)
	32,601	20,976
Gross amounts presented in the separate statement of financial position comprise:		
Gross amount due from customers under construction contracts	34,731	23,470
Gross amount due to customers under construction contracts	(2,130)	(2,494)
	32,601	20,976

Retentions held by customers for contract work amounted to BGN 5,354 thousand and BGN 6,107 thousand for December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Advances received from customers for contract work amount to BGN 5,854 thousand and BGN 14,199 thousand for December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Gross amount could contains receivables that may not be collected in the usual time for collection of the construction contracts revenue.

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 the Company reviewed for objective evidences for impairment of the gross amount due from clients on construction contracts in order to ensure that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed the present value of the expected future cash flows.

### 18. Investment revenue

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Interest income	1,787	2,497
Dividend income	182	861
Foreign exchange gains	51	8
TOTAL INVESTMENT REVENUE	2,020	3,366

### NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 19. Materials and consumables used

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Materials for main activities	15,395	25,612
Book value of assets sold	2,965	5,610
Expenses for instruments	64	371
Electric power	211	216
Fuels	58	103
Spare parts	27	37
Stationery	198	193
TOTAL MATERIALS AND CONSUMABLES USED	18,918	32,142

### 20. Hired services

	Year ended 31.12.2014	Year ended 31.12.2013
Under agreements with subcontractors	16,135	10,765
Services with mechanization	1,122	1,545
Transportation	1,059	1,635
Legal, consulting and mediatory services	2,115	1,403
Insurances	1,334	726
Advertising	24	7
Telecommunications	165	173
Rents	2,134	2,836
Design	194	842
Heating	24	51
Working permissions and tender documentation	13	63
Start-up and commissioning works and control	523	1,086
Software licenses and maintenance of hardware	227	247
Security	66	59
Translations	124	124
Courier services	71	125
Other services	106	101
TOTAL HIRED SERVICES	25,436	21,788

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 20. Hired services (continued)

In the statement of comprehensive income for the year ending December 31, 2014, expenses for fees, mortgages and guarantees at the amount of BGN 2,303 thousand and expenses for bank fees at the amount of BGN 470 thousand are transferred in Finance cost in note 24 at Finance costs on construction contracts at the amount of BGN 4,238 thousand and at Fees, mortgages, guarantees at the amount of BGN 919 thousand. The comparative information for the year ending December, 31, 2013 is updated, as expenses for fees, mortgages and guarantees at the amount of BGN 1,781 thousand and bank fees at the amount of BGN 206 thousand are disclosed in Finance cost in note 24 at Finance costs on construction contracts at the amount of BGN 1,332 thousand and at Fees, mortgages, guarantees at the amount of BGN 655 thousand. The update is with the aim of better presentation of finance cost in the separate statement of comprehensive income.

### 21. Employee benefits expenses

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Remunerations under labour contracts	18,749	20,730
Remunerations under management contracts	187	189
Civil contracts	194	73
Social and health securities	2,749	3,256
Food	179	814
Compensated leaves	32	311
Other expenses	1,518	690
TOTAL EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES	23,608	26,063

### 22. Other expenses

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Business trips	2,655	2,869
Expenses for one-off taxes and fees	253	263
Obsolete non-current assets	338	155
Entertainment expenses	16	12
Donations	91	60
Other	64	62
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES	3,417	3,421

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 23. Other gains / (losses), net

	Year ended 31.12.2014	Year ended 31.12.2013
Revenue from sale of investments in subsidiaries	3,108	160
Costs related to the sale of investments	(7)	100
Carrying amount of sold investments in subsidiaries	(2,524)	(120)
Profit from sale of investments in subsidiaries	577	40
Subsequent premiums from sale of investments in subsidiaries	=	120
Discount of a transfer of receivables from customers	(1,087)	
Loss from sale of receivables	(-,)	(257)
Effect from the sale of receivables under ESCO contracts, net of		
income in an effective interest rate	(5)	I R
Loss from discounting of receivables on ESCO contracts	(165)	-
Accrual of a provision of impaired receivables	(4)	-
Reversal of allowance for impairment of receivables	2,211	123
Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments	-	756
Provision for contractual obligation – note 14	(1,875)	(3,035)
Reversal of contractual provision on a construction contract	2,887	) <del>;</del> ;
Adjustment of gross amount vary the volume of contracts	(2,157)	323
Reversal of provision on loans and receivables	2,752	. <del></del>
Rent income	273	311
Revaluation of investment properies	6,330	-
Revenue from consulting services	-	304
Expenses on disputes	(166)	-
Penalties and other, net	(503)	(1,173)
TOTAL OTHER GAINS/ (LOSSES), NET	9,068	(2,811)

The rebate from discounting of receivables represents discount at additional recognition of ESCO receivables. He used discount factor approximates the discount for the sale of these receivables.

### 24. Finance cost

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Interest expense	4,238	2,934
Finance costs on construction contracts	4,238	3,297
Fees, mortgages, guarantees	919	655
Expenses on financial liability on preferred shares	420	490
Foreign exchange losses	107	76
TOTAL FINANCE COST	9,922	7,452

### 25. Taxation

Deferred taxes are as follows:

	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
Deferred tax assets		
Impairment of receivables	529	1,026
Deductible tax loss	873	
Impairment of investments in subsidiaries	166	166
Impairment of other assets	12	14
Provisions	272	190
TOTAL DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	1,852	1,396
Deferred tax liabilities		
Investement properties	633	
Non-current assets	649	829
TOTAL DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	829	829
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS, NET	1,282	567

Deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 are calculated by applying tax rate of 10% according to the Corporate Income Taxation Act and applicable for the periods in which the temporary differences will be realized.

Deferred tax liabilities recognized in equity as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 amount to BGN 173 thousand and BGN 557 thousand, respectively.

Income tax expenses for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Current income tax expense	-	(*)
Deferred tax in relation to occurrence and reversal of temporary		
differences	(3)	2,012
OTAL TAX EXPENSE	(3)	2,012

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 25. Taxation (continued)

The calculations for the effective interest rate are presented in the following table:

	Year ended 31.12.2014	Year ended 31.12.2013
Profit before taxation Applicable tax rate	138 10%	(24,126) 10%
Tax by applicable tax rate  Tax effect of the non-deductible and non-taxable positions  Effect of different tax rates in other tax jurisdictions	14 (17)	(2,413) 4,425
TAX EXPENSE EFFECTIVE TAX RATE	(2%)	2,012 (8%)

### 26. Basic and diluted earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the year subject to allocation between the shareholders of the Company to the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the period.

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Profit for allocation between the shareholders in BGN		(26,138,201)
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares		11,933,600
Basic earnings per share (in BGN)		(2.19)

As disclosed in Note 11, as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 the Company has issued preferred shares and warrants which in 2014 and 2013 do not influence diluted earnings per share as their conversion to ordinary shares would not have dilutive effect on basic earnings per share.

### 27. Related parties transactions

The Company's related parties with which it has performed transactions in 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

RELATED PARTY	TYPE OF RELATION
"Enemona Utilities" AD	Subsidiary
"Esco engineering" AD	Subsidiary
"EESF" SPV	Subsidiary
"Pirin Power" AD	Subsidiary
"Hemusgas" AD	Subsidiary
"FINI" REIT	Subsidiary
"TFEZ Nikopol" EAD	Subsidiary
"Nevrokop gas" AD	Subsidiary until January 30, 2014
"Enemona Galabovo" AD	Subsidiary until October 19, 2012

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### Related parties transactions (continued)

"EMKO" AD	Subsidiary
"Regionalgas" AD	Subsidiary
"Artanes Mining Group" AD	Subsidiary
"PPP Mladenovo" EOOD	Subsidiary
"Alfa Enemona" OOD	Associated company
"Global Capital" OOD	Company under common control
"G Oil Expert" EOOD	Company under common control
"Eco Invest Holding" AD	Company under common control
"Resource Engineering" EOOD	Company under common control
"Softgeo-Lint 2006" OOD	Company under common control

The table below discloses the transactions performed with related parties:

Related party	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Enemona Utilities AD	58	372
EMKO AD	90	63
FINI SPV	4	5
TFEZ Nikopol EAD	=	2
EESF SPV	80	766
Alfa Enemona OOD	115	104
Eco Invest Holding	1	1
G Oil Expert EOOD	5	5
TOTAL INCOME FROM RELATED PARTIES	353	1,318

The table below discloses the expenses for related party transactions:

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Enemona Utilities AD	837	73
EMKO AD	1,762	1,737
Artanes Mining Group AD	11	
TOTAL EXPENSES TO RELATED PARTIES	2,610	1,810

The related party expenses in 2014 represent expenses for electricity, interest expenses under loan agreements with Enemona Utilities AD and expenses under construction contracts with EMKO AD as a subcontractor.

### 27. Related parties transactions (continued)

The table below discloses the balances of receivables from related parties:

	As of	As of
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Enemona Utilities AD	(641)	94
Esco Engineering AD	38	38
Pirin Power AD	4	4
EESF SPV	998	1,449
Nevrokop gas AD		15
Hemusgas AD	13	13
"EMKO" AD	71	677
"FINI" SPV	2	790
TFEZ Nikopol EAD	106	105
"G Oil Expert" EOOD	2	-
"Alfa Enemona" OOD	1	(2)
TOTAL RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED		
PARTIES	594	2,395

Receivables from related parties comprise loans to related parties and trade receivables. The Company presents in Trade and other liabilities the interest liabilities netted off, respectively the receivables of Enemona Utilities AD are at the amount of BGN 122 thousand and the interest liabilities are at the amount of BGN 763 thousand, or net receivable of BGN (641) thousand.

The table below presents balances of payables to related parties as of December 31, 2014 and 2013:

	As of	As of
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Enemona Utilities AD	12,888	1,230
Esco Engineering AD	4	3
"G Oil Expert" EOOD	20	(a)
EESF SPV	814	=
EMKO AD	2,624	2,748
TOTAL PAYABLES TO RELATED PARTIES	16,350	3,981

Payables to related parties comprise payables on loans (note 12) and trade payables (note 16).

Receivables and payables from/to related parties are uncollaterized and are expected to be settled through cash payments. There are no guarantees provided or received in relation to this transaction. There is no impairment accrued on receivables from related parties.

In 2014 and 2013 the management personnel has received remuneration at the amount of BGN 187 thousand and BGN 189 thousand.

### 28. Geographical information

The Company operates in three principal geographical areas – Bulgaria, Germany, Slovakia, Norway and Great Britain.

The Company's revenue from external clients and information about non-current assets, excluding financial instruments, deferred tax assets, post-employment benefit assets, and assets arising from insurance contracts, is presented as follows:

_	Revenue from external clients		Non-current a	assets
	Year ended Year ended		As of	As of
_	31.12.2014	31.12.2013	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Bulgaria	45,183	28,072	20,767	29,631
Slovakia	15,542	19,809	962	452
Germany	4,958	11,660	595	330
Norway	319	743	11	5
Great Britain	4,520	272	47	6
Other	2,001	59	2	室/
_	72,523	60,615	22,382	30,424

### 29. Financial instruments, financial risk and capital management

### Categories of financial instruments

	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables	94,317	77,923
Cash and cash equivalents	1,952	856
	96,269	78,779
Financial liabilities		,
Financial liabilities at amortized cost	120,196	107,064

Loans and receivables consist of loans granted by the Company including other current assets and other non-current assets as well as trade and other receivables, gross amounts due from customers on construction contracts and financial instruments held for trading.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost include loans granted to the Company, lease liabilities as well as trade and other payables, dividends payable on preferred shares.

### Fair value estimation of financial instruments, measured at fair value

IFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosure" requires additional the disclosures to the financial statements to include information for fair value measurement of financial assets and liabilities which are not presented at fair value in the statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 29. Financial instruments, financial risk and capital management(continued)

### Fair value estimation of financial instruments, measured at fair value(continued)

The following table presents information for the carrying amount and fair value of financial assets and liabilities:

	Carrying amount		Fair value	
	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2014	As of 31.12.2013
Financial assets				
Loans and borrowings	94,317	77,923	94.317	77,923
Cash and cash equivalents	1,952	856	1,952	856
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortized				
cost	120,196	107,064	120,196	107,064

The management's estimate is that the fair value of financial instruments is approximate to their carrying amount as most of them are current.

### Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk in case the clients fail to meet their obligations.

The accounts with the main contractors of the Company are as follows:

Name		Туре	Carrying amount of receivable as of 31.12.2014	Carrying amount of receivable as of 31.12.2013
Contractor 1	Abroad		5,253	6,916
Contractor 2	Abroad		2,108	1,339
Contractor 3	Abroad		1,964	786
Contractor 4	Abroad		1,685	684
Contractor 5	In the country		1,305	1,386

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the separate financial statements, which is net of impairment losses, represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk. The trade and other receivables and the gross amount due from customers on construction contracts are not secured. The gross amount due to customers under construction contracts and loans granted and receivables is not included when determining the credit risk exposure.

### 29. Financial instruments, financial risk and capital management (continued)

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may have difficulties in meeting its obligations related to settling financial liabilities, which require payment of cash, cash equivalents or other financial asset. Liquidity risk arises from the time difference between the agreed maturity of monetary assets and liabilities and the possibility that debtors may not be able to settle their obligations to the Company in terms due.

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 undiscounted cash flows on financial liabilities of the Company, analysed by residual term as of the date of the separate statement of financial position until the date of subsequent negotiating or maturity are, as follows:

As of December 31, 2014	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 months to 1 year	From 1 year to 5 years	Total
Financial liabilities Trade and other payables	25,254	15,787	-	41,041
Loans	6,259	64,669	12,459	83,387
Finance lease liabilities	16	44	36	96
Finance liability on preferred shares	-	(#C)	2,416	2,416
Total financial liabilities	31,529	80,500	14,911	126,940
Liquidity risk				
As of December 31, 2013	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 months to 1 year	From 1 year to 5 years	Total
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	17,736	20,135	*	37,871
Loans	5,613	56,066	14,451	76,130
Finance lease liabilities	19	61	95	175
Finance liability on preferred shares	(#)		3,510	3,510
Total financial liabilities	23,368	76,262	18,056	117,686

Current loans of the Company include credit lines and overdraft with maturity in 2014. The Company usually renegotiates part of the credit lines and overdrafts.

Credit lines from Societe Generale Expressbank, UniCredit Bulbank, Unionbank and International Asset Bank are granted for the purpose of implementation of specific construction contracts (see also note 12). Repayment of these loans is linked to the implementation of the commitments of the Company under the respective contract and the cash flows generated by the specific construction contract.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 29. Financial instruments, financial risk and capital management (continued)

### Foreign currency risk

As the Company operates in the country and in the EU it is exposed to insignificant foreign currency risk. A small percentage of income/expenses are generated in foreign currency different from the Bulgarian lev and Euro. The Company implement a contract in Norway, whose active phase will start in 2014. Therefore, the management of the Company considers that the effect from possible changes in exchange rates would not have significant effect on profit or loss.

### Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk fluctuation mainly from received bank and debenture loans with floating interest rate which are at the amount of BGN 63,052( of which BGN 20,122with floating interest rate) and BGN 63,161 thousand as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 and the interest payments are based on EURIBOR plus margin. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 the Company has not used instruments for compensating the potential changes of the EURIBOR levels.

If the interest rates for these loans increased by 0.5% in 2014 and 2013, the interest expense for the year would increase, and profit after taxation would decrease by BGN 163 thousand and BGN 106 2thousand, respectively, and vice versa, if the interest rate decreases by 0.5%.

### Capital management

The Company manages its capital to operate as a going concern and optimize return by improving the debt/equity ratio. The capital structure of the Company comprises cash and cash equivalents, received loans and share capital.

Gearing ratio as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

	As of	As of
	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
Loans Cash and cash equivalents	77,232	66,574
Loans net of cash and cash equivalents	(1,952) 75,280	(856) 65,718
Equity Gearing ratio (loans net of cash and cash equivalents to equity)	21,060	20,946

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 30. Contingent liabilities

As of December 31, 2014 the Company is a guarantor, co-debtor or avalist of promissory note on loan contract for loans granted to the subsidiaries by Bulgarian banks, as follows:

Type of contingent liability	Borrower	Bank	Amount of loan
Guarantor	EESF SPV	EBRD	13,710
Co-debtor	Enemona Utilities AD	Invest bank AD	760
Co-debtor	Enemona Utilities AD	ING bank AD	5,604
Co-debtor	EMKO AD	Eurobank AD	1,980

As of the date of these separate financial statements the subsidiaries regularly serve these loans.

As of December 31, 2013 the Company is a guarantor, co-debtor or avalist of promissory note on loan contract for loans granted to the subsidiaries by Bulgarian banks, as follows:

Type of contingent liability	Borrower	Bank	Amount of loan
Guarantor	EESF SPV	EBRD	17,502
Co-debtor	Enemona Utilities AD	Unicredit Bulbank AD	1,833

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 bank guarantees have been issued on behalf of the Company, at the amount of BGN 32,467 thousand and BGN 35,287 thousand, respectively, which are related mainly to the construction works, including energy and other facilities.

As of December 31, 2014 1 660 000 shares of EESF SPV owned by Enemona AD are pledge as collateral under repurchase deals(2013: 2 390 000).