1. Organization and main activity

Enemona AD ("The Company") was initially registered as a partnership company in 1990 and in 1994 the Company was registered as a joint-stock company. According to the court registration the address of the Company is in the town of Kozloduy, 1A Panayot Hitov Str. The Company is a public entity and its shares are registered at the Financial Supervision Commission to be traded at the Bulgarian Stock Exchange. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the major shareholder of the Company is Dichko Prokopiev Prokopiev. During the financial year there were no changes in the Company's legal status.

The Company is engaged in construction works, which covers all stages from design to assembly and construction activities under construction contracts. Management reviews the operating results of the Company on the basis of individual construction projects and as one operating segment.

2. Accounting policy

2.1 General financial reporting framework

These separate financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the interpretations, issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), as approved by the European Union (the "EU") and applicable in the Republic of Bulgaria.

Changes in IFRS

Standards and Interpretations effective in the current period

The following standards, amendments to the existing standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the EU are effective for the current period:

- IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement", adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013),
- Amendments to IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of IFRS" Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters, adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013),
- Amendments to IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of IFRS" Government Loans, adopted by the EU on March 4, 2013 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013),
- Amendments to IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, adopted by the EU on December 13, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013),
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of financial statements" Presentation of Items of
 Other Comprehensive Income, adopted by the EU on June 5, 2012 (effective for annual periods
 beginning on or after July 1, 2012),
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Income Taxes" Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets, adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013),

2. Accounting policy (continued)

2.1. General financial reporting framework (continued)

Changes in IFRS (continued)

Standards and Interpretations effective in the current period (continued)

- Amendments to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" Improvements to the Accounting for Postemployment Benefits, adopted by the EU on June 5, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013),
- Amendments to various standards "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2009-2011)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 1, IAS 1, IAS 16, IAS 32, IAS 34) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013),
- IFRIC 20 "Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine", adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013).

The adoption of these amendments to the existing standards has not led to any changes in the Company's accounting policies.

Standards and Interpretations issued by IASB and adopted by the EU but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements the following standards, amendments to the existing standards and interpretations issued by IASB and adopted by the EU were in issue but not yet effective:

- IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements", adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014),
- IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements", adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014),
- IFRS 12 "Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities", adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014),
- IAS 27 (revised in 2011) "Separate Financial Statements", adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014),
- IAS 28 (revised in 2011) "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures", adopted by the EU on December 11, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014),
- Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements", IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements" and IFRS 12 "Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities" Transition Guidance, adopted by the EU on April 4, 2013 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014),
- Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements", IFRS 12 "Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities" and IAS 27 (revised in 2011) "Separate Financial Statements"

 Investment Entities, adopted by the EU on November 20, 2013 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014),

- 2. Accounting policy (continued)
- 2.1. General financial reporting framework (continued)

Changes in IFRS (continued)

Standards and Interpretations issued by IASB and adopted by the EU but not yet effective (continued)

- Amendments to IAS 32 "Financial instruments: presentation" Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, adopted by the EU on December 13, 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014),
- Amendments to IAS 36 "Impairment of assets" Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets, adopted by the EU on December 19, 2013 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014),
- Amendments to IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting, adopted by the EU on December 19, 2013 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014).

Standards and Interpretations issued by IASB but not yet adopted by the EU

At present, IFRS as adopted by the EU do not significantly differ from regulations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) except from the following standards, amendments to the existing standards and interpretations, which were not endorsed for use in EU as at date of publication of these financial statements:

- IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and subsequent amendments (effective date was not yet determined),
- Amendments to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions (effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014),
- Amendments to various standards "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2010-2012)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 2, IFRS 3, IFRS 8, IFRS 13, IAS 16, IAS 24 and IAS 38) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014),
- Amendments to various standards "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2011-2013)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 1, IFRS 3, IFRS 13 and IAS 40) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014),
- IFRIC 21 "Levies" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014).

The Company anticipates that the adoption of these standards, amendments to the existing standards and interpretations will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Company in the period of initial application.

At the same time, hedge accounting regarding the portfolio of financial assets and liabilities, whose principles have not been adopted by the EU, is still unregulated.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (REISSUED, SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

2. Accounting policy (continued)

2.1. General financial reporting framework (continued)

Changes in IFRS (continued)

Standards and Interpretations issued by IASB but not yet adopted by the EU (continued)

According to the Company's estimates, application of hedge accounting for the portfolio of financial assets or liabilities pursuant to IAS 39: "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", would not significantly impact the financial statements, if applied as at the reporting date.

2.2 Basis of preparation

The separate financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments and the deemed cost of buildings on the first time adoption of IFRS.

These separate financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis, under the going concern assumption. The management believes that the Company will continued its normal operations through self-financing, increasing the operations efficiency, financial support from the major shareholder where necessary, and the restructuring of the Company's financial liabilities, including bank loans. Further, the execution of activities under construction contracts at of the date of issue of these financial statements, as well as the estimated return on an exposure to a State institution as disclosed in note 32, will provide additional resources to settle the financial liabilities of the Company. Accordingly, the Company believes that it has adequate resources to continue its operating activities in the foreseeable future, which is not less than 12 months from the date of issue of these financial statements.

These separate financial statements should be considered together with the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. The consolidated financial statements will be issued after the date of issue of these separate financial statements.

2.3. Functional currency and presentation currency

According to the Bulgarian accounting legislation the Company keeps its records and prepared its financial statements in the national currency of the Republic of Bulgaria – Bulgarian lev, which effective January 1, 1999 is fixed to the euro at 1.95583 BGN for 1 EUR. The Company's functional currency is the Bulgarian national currency.

These separate financial statements are presented in thousand of BGN (BGN'000).

2.4. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are initially recorded at the official rate of exchange of the Bulgarian National Bank (BNB) as of the date of the transaction. The foreign exchange rate differences, arising upon the settlement of these monetary positions or at restatement of these positions at rates, different from those when initially recorded, are reported as financial income or expense for the period in which they arise. The monetary positions denominated in foreign currency as of December 31, 2013 are stated in these financial statements at the closing exchange rate of BNB.

3. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the separate financial statements, in accordance with IFRS requires management to make certain accounting estimates and reasonable assumptions that affect some of the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of these separate financial statements and the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on the information available at the date of preparation of the financial statements, and actual results could differ from those estimates.

3.1. Revenue and expenses under construction contracts

Construction contract revenue is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of each construction contract. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of information available about total contract revenue and costs. The total amount of expenses under construction contracts depends on the volume and amount of construction activities to be performed to meet the obligations of the Company. The volume and amount of future activities depend on future factors which may defer from the management's estimations.

3.2. Impairment of non-financial assets

Impairment exists when the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, whereas the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset or cash-generating unit in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal. Value in use is based on the discounted cash flow model. The cash flows are determined on the budget estimates for the next five years. Recoverable amount depends on the discount factor used in the discounted cash flow model and on the expected future cash flows, as well as on the growth assumption.

3.3. Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of financial assets is determined based on the estimated future cash flows discounted at the initial effective interest rate. When determining the expected future cash flows, the Company analyses the financial capabilities of its debtors and the estimated receivables collection period. As of the date of preparation of these financial statements, management is in the process of reviewing its financial assets for impairment.

3.4. Useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty include estimation of useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. In 2013 there are no circumstances that may trigger a change in the estimated useful lives of these assets.

3.5. Economic environment

In 2013 and 2012 as a result of the global financial and economic crisis, a decrease in the economic development of the Bulgarian economy is perceived which affects a wide range of industrial sectors. This leads to noticeable deterioration in cash flows and decline in income and as a result to substantial worsening of the economic environment in which the Company operates. Further, the entity is exposed to significantly higher price, market, credit, liquidity, interest, operating and other risks. As a result, uncertainty about customers ability to settle their liabilities in accordance with contracted terms increases. Therefore, the amount of impairment losses on interest-bearing loans granted, receivables from customers, and the value of other accounting estimates in subsequent periods could significantly differ from those estimated and reported in these separate financial statements.

4. Property, plant and equipment

	Land	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	Other	Acquisition cost of fixed assets	Total
Cost							
JANUARY 1, 2012	5,608	20,014	4,234	6,578	2,745	5,693	44,872
Additions	-	2,268	202	48	126	, e	2,644
Transfers			1			(1)	
Disposals		(569)	(260)	(377)	(212)	(10)	(1,428)
DECEMBER 31, 2012	5,608	21,713	4,177	6,249	2,659	5,682	46,088
Additions	-	160	1,144	3	235	106	1,488
Disposals		(4,919)	(265)	(1,705)	(15)	-	(6,904)
DECEMBER 31, 2013	5,608	16,794	5,056	4,547	2,879	5,788	40,672
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
JANUARY 1, 2012	_	2,207	3,140	2,497	1,622	24	9,490
Depreciation charge	546	433	490	469	287	-	1,679
Disposals Impairment recognized in the separate statement of	2	(177)	(231)	(280)	(135)	-	(823)
comprehensive income	,T.V.		<u> </u>		(11)		(11)
DECEMBER 31, 2012		2,463	3,399	2,686	1,763	24	10,335
Depreciation charge	, e	426	512	363	265	-	1,566
Disposals Impairment recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income	2	(1,004)	(152)	(490)	(12)		(1,658)
DECEMBER 31, 2013		1,885	3,764	2,559	2,016	24	10,248
Net book value							10,240
JANUARY 1, 2012	5,608	17,807	1,094	4,081	1,123	5,669	35,382
DECEMBER 31, 2012	5,608	19,250	778	3,563	896	5,658	35,753
DECEMBER 31, 2013	5,608	14,909	1,292	1,988	863	5,764	30,424

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of BGN 756 thousand and BGN 2,007 thousand, respectively, are leased under financial lease contract (see note 13).

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of BGN 15,343 thousand and BGN 18,993 thousand, respectively, are pledged as collateral under bank loan agreements (see note 12).

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (REISSUED, SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

5. Intangible assets

	Property rights	Software	Total
Cost			
JANUARY 1, 2012	1,447	270	1,717
Additions	· -	13	1,717
Disposals		(25)	
DECEMBER 31, 2012	1,447	258	(25) 1,705
DECEMBER 31, 2013	1,447	258	1,705
Accumulated amortization			
JANUARY 1, 2012	828	202	1,030
Amortization charge	62	27	89
Disposals		(25)	
DECEMBER 31, 2012	890	204	(25)
Amortization charge	62	204	1,094 82
DECEMBER 31, 2013	952	224	1,176
Net book value			
JANUARY 1, 2012	619	68	687
DECEMBER 31, 2012	557	54	611
DECEMBER 31, 2013	495	34	529

6. Investments in subsidiaries and associates

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 investments in subsidiaries and associates consist of:

	As of	As of
Townston, and the state of	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Investments in subsidiaries	17,108	17,218
Impairment of investment in subsidiaries – note 6.1	(1,656)	(2,412)
Investment in subsidiaries, net – note 6.1	15,452	14,806
Investments in associates – note 6.2 TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND	4	4
ASSOCIATES	15,456	14,810

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(REISSUED, SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED)
All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

Investments in subsidiaries and associates (continued)

9

6.1. Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 are as follows;

CARRYING AMOUNT	As of As of 2013 31.12.2012	1,640 1,719	4,818 4,860 42 42	450 450 25 25 73 73 73 1,886 1,119 45 4,613 1,800 1,800	14,806
	31.12.2012 As of As of 31.12.2013	97,24%	88.97% 4 84.00%	69.23% 50.00% 99.00% 100.00% 77.36% 4, 90.00% 1, 100.00% 50.00%	15,452
SHARE		92,25%	88.20% 84.00%	69.23% 50.00% 99.00% 100.00% 77.36% 90.00%	
	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	Company with special investment purpose –	securitization of receivables Designing and building of projects in energy sector Company with special investment purpose – real	estate purchase Construction of compressor houses Heating and climatization projects Construction of electric power plant Gas trading Construction contracts Opencast mining of brown and lignite coal Prospecting, design, construction and assembly, commissioning, reparation, servicing and engineering works Gasification projects	
COMPANY	Enemona Utilities AD	EESF REIT	Pirin Power AD FINI REIT	Hemusgas AD Esco engineering AD TFEZ Nikopol EAD Nevrocop-gas AD EMKO AD Artanes Mining Group AD FEZ Mladenovo EOOD Regionalgas AD	

This document is a translation of the original Bulgarian text, in case of divergence the Bulgarian text shall prevail.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (REISSUED, SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

6. Investments in subsidiaries and associates (continued)

6.1. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Regionalgas AD is subsidiary of Enemona Utilities AD, which as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 owns 50% of the shares of Regionalgas AD, or the direct share of the Company in Regionalgas AD is 50%.

The management of Enemona AD considers that the investments in Regionalgas AD and Hemusgas AD do not represent joint-controlled activity, as the Company manages the financial and operating policy of these companies.

In July 2013 Enemona AD sold 112,300 ordinary registered shares of its investment in Enemona Utilities. The selling price is BGN 112,3 thousand and gain at the amount of BGN 34 thousand is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

In September 2013 Enemona AD sold 30,000 ordinary registered shares of its investment in EESF REIT. The selling price is BGN 48 thousand and gain at the amount of BGN 6 thousand is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

On January 30, 2014 a contract for selling its shares in Nevrocop-gas AD was signed by Enemona AD, the estimated gain under the agreement is BGN 355 thousand.

As of December 31, 2013 as a result of the review for impairment of investments in subsidiaries, the Company considers that no indication of impairment of investments in subsidiaries exists. As a result of the review, the management considered that there are circumstances for the reversal of impairment of TFEZ Nikopol EAD at the amount of BGN 756 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2012 the allowance for impairment of investments in subsidiaries amounted to BGN 2,412 thousand (note 23).

6.2 Investments in associates

The investments in associated companies as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

COMPANY	SHA As of 31.12.2013	As of	CARRYING As of 31.12.2013	AMOUNT As of 31.12.2012
Alpha Enemona OOD TOTAL	40%	40%	4 4	4 4

In these separate financial statements the investments in associated companies are presented at carrying amount (cost), as the management of the Company estimated that there are no indications of impairment of investments in associated companies as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

6. Investments in subsidiaries and associates (continued)

6.2 Investments in associates (continued)

Summarized financial information of the associated companies as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

Alfa Enemona OOD	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Total assets	359	349
Total liabilities	50	63
Net assets	309	286
Share of the Company in net assets of the associated company	124	114
Alfa Enemona OOD	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended
Total revenue	814	31.12.2012
Profit for the period	282	704 259
Share of the Company in the profit of the associated company	113	104

7. Current and non-current loans and advances

Current and non-current loans and advances as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

Non-current loans and advances	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Loans granted to employees	1,067	1,071
Receivables on ESCO contracts – non-current portion	3,976	5,504
Cessions receivables	3,268	4,695
Other assets	10	10
Discount of receivables under ESCO contracts – non-current portion	(1,101)	(1,602)
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LOANS AND ADVANCES	7,220	9,678
Impairment of loans granted to employees	(597)	(597)
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LOANS AND ADVANCES, NET	6,623	9,081
Current loans and advances		
Receivables on ESCO contracts – current portion	2,090	2,573
Cessions receivables	3,135	1,303
Loans granted to related parties (note 27)	298	325
Loans granted to non-related parties	11,279	11,237
Discount of receivables under ESCO contracts - current portion	(94)	195
TOTAL CURRENT LOANS AND ADVANCES	16,708	15,438
Impairment of loans granted to non-related parties	(3,782)	(3,782)
TOTAL CURRENT LOANS AND ADVANCES, NET	12,926	11,656

8.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (REISSUED, SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

7. Current and non-current loans and advances (continued)

Loans granted to related parties, non-related parties and employees are not secured, with interest rate from 6% to 9%.

Receivables under ESCO contracts of the Company represent receivables under contracts for performing engineering with guaranteed result (ESCO contracts) where the Company performs construction and engineering works and deferred payment is contracted. Receivables under ESCO contracts are presented at amortized cost.

Cession receivables as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 represent the value of a cessed receivable to a local company.

As a result of the analysis of loans repaid in 2012, in 2013 the Company recovered a provision of loans to employees at the amount of BGN 376 thousand and loans to non-related parties at the amount of BGN 1,171 thousand, which are presented in the separate statement of comprehensive income.

The movement of the allowance for impairment of receivables is presented below:

	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR Reversals of impairment losses on non-current loans and	4,379	5,926
receivables		(1,171)
Reversals of impairment losses on current loans and receivables		(376)
BALANCE AT THE END OF THE YEAR	4,379	4,379
Inventories		

	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Materials Finished goods Work in progress	7,900 797 156	5,681 457 102
TOTAL INVENTORIES	8,853	6,240

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the Company has accrued impairment of inventories at the amount of BGN 118 thousand and BGN 109 thousand, respectively.

As of December 31, 2013 inventories at cost amount of BGN 8,488 thousand (2012: BGN 1,956 thousand) are pledged as collateral under a loan (see also note 12).

9. Trade and other receivables

	As of	As of
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Receivables from customers	19,242	17,478
Retentions	6,107	8,930
Receivables from related parties (note 27)	2,097	2,655
Advance payments to supplier	8,491	12,366
Advances to employees	328	166
Other receivables	4,509	3,599
TOTAL TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	40,774	45,194
Impairment of receivables from customers	(5,870)	(5,936)
TOTAL TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET	34,904	39,258

The movement of the allowance for impairment of doubtful receivables is presented below:

	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR Recognized loss from impairment of receivables Recovered during the year BALANCE AT THE END OF THE YEAR	5,936 57 (123) 5,870	5,936 - - - 5,936

Following the requirements of IAS 39, the Company has developed qualitative and quantitative measures for assessment of risks, related to its expositions to clients and to determine the allowance for impairment for accounting purposes on individual basis.

These qualitative and quantitative measures for assessment of risks include overdue receivables, credit status, deterioration of the market position of the client and change of the legal environment in which the Company operates.

Every exposition is assessed individually and if any risks are identified, based on the description above, allowance for impairment is accrued. Determining the allowance for impairment includes and the expected cash flows, taking into account the specific circumstances.

9. Trade and other receivables (continued)

Receivables which are overdue less than 1 year are not considered impaired due to the nature of the operating cycle of the Company. Trade and other receivables include receivables which are overdue more than 1 year, but management believes that they are recoverable because there is no deterioration in the customers' credit status. Receivables from customers which are overdue, but not impaired are as follows:

	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
1-1,5 years	635	1,510
1,5-2 years	1,126	172
Over 2 years	3,060	3,352
TOTAL	4,821	5,034

Receivables from customers, which are overdue but not impaired, are not collateralized and the Company has no legal rights to off-set these receivables against its own receivables to respective counterparties.

The ageing analysis of the impaired receivables from customers as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Up to 1 year	, e ;	~
1 - 1.5 years	2	315
1.5-2 years	420	190
Over 2 years	7,264	6,683
Total	7,686	7,188

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, trade and other receivables at the amount of BGN 17,924 thousand and BGN 13,337 thousand, respectively, are pledged as collateral under loan contracts (see note 12)

10. Cash and cash equivalents

	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Cash at banks	250	1,057
Restricted cash at bank	178	290
Cash in hand	428	475
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	856	1,822

As of December 31, 2013 restricted cash at the amount of BGN 178 thousand (2012: BGN 290 thousand) represents cash in bank account restricted as collateral under guarantees issued.

10. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, payments at the amount of BGN 1,987 thousand and BGN 1, 695 thousand, respectively are reclassified from Operating activities, Payments to suppliers to Finance activities, Bank charges, mortgage fees and guarantees payments with the aim of better presentation of the cash flows from financing activities.

For the separate statement of cash flows purposes restricted cash is not included in cash and cash equivalents.

11. Share capital and premium reserves

The share capital includes:

	As of	As of
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Ordinary shares – note 11.1	11,934	11,934
Preferred shares – note 11.2	1,103	1,103
TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL	13,037	13,037
Premium from share issuance – note 11.3	8,739	8,739
TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL AND PREMIUM RESERVES	21,776	21,776

11.1. Ordinary shares

	As of	As of
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Number of shares	11,933,600	11,933,600
Nominal value per share in BGN	1	1
SHARE CAPITAL – ORDINARY SHARES	11,934	11,934

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the ownership over the ordinary shares is as follows:

	As of		As of	
	31.12.2013	%	31.12.2012	%
Dichko Prokopiev Prokopiev	5,916,518	49,58	7,176,153	60.13
Other shareholders	6,017,082	50,42	4,757,447	39.87
TOTAL ORDINARY SHARES	11,933,600	100.00	11,933,600	100.00

The share capital of ordinary shares is fully paid in as of December 31, 2013 and 2012. The Company's share capital includes in-kind contribution in the form of title of property over three combined trademarks with fair value at the amount of BGN 1,400 thousand, obtained through independent appraiser's report. Titles of property are presented as intangible assets (see note 5, above). As of 31,2013 subject to repo agreements are 2 226 247 ordinary shares, owned by Dichko Prokopiev.

Enemona AD is registered as a public company and Company's shares are traded on the Bulgarian Stock Exchange.

11. Share capital and premium reserves (continued)

11.2. Preferred shares

On April 2, 2010 Financial Supervision Commission registered an emission of Company's preferred shares for regulated market trade. The emission amounts to BGN 1,103 thousand distributed in 1,102,901 preferred shares with no voting rights, guaranteed dividend, guaranteed liquidity share, convertible in ordinary shares in March 2017 with nominal value BGN 1 each. Preferred shares bear guaranteed cumulative dividend at the amount of BGN 0.992 per share in the next 7 years.

The Company recognized initially the issued preferred shares as a compound financial instrument and determined financial liability related to dividend payables and reported the residual amount as increase in share capital. The total amount of the cash received is allocated as follows:

	Upon initial	As of	As of
	recognition	_ 31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Preferred shares – nominal value	1,103	1,103	1,103
Premium from share issuance	5,425	5,425	5,425
Financial liability on preferred shares	4,412	2,619	3,223
Dividend payables on preferred shares	12	2,199	2,067
TOTAL CASH RECEIVED	10,940	11,346	11,818

11.3. Premium from share issuance

	As of	As of
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Balance as of January 1	8,739	36,262
(Prior period loss coverage)		(27,523)
Balance as of December 31	8,739	8,739

11.4. Reserves

Company's reserves represent its legal reserves and are formed based on decision of the shareholders. Legal reserves could be used to cover accumulated losses or for increase of capital.

In 2009 the Company issued 5,966,800 warrants with issue value BGN 0.17 each and total issue value BGN 1,014 thousand. The total emission value is accounted for in the Company's reserves.

Each warrant of the issuance gives the right to its owner to subscribe a share in case of future capital increase of the Company against payment of issue value of the new shares at the amount of BGN 18.50 each. This right can be exercised within 6 years.

12. Loans

12.1 Loans repayment term

Loans received by the Company according to their contractual repayment term are, as follows:

	As of 31.12.2013	As of31.12.2012
Up to 1 year	59,684	65,683
Over one year	6,725	4,332
TOTAL LOANS	66,409	70,015

Credit lines and overdrafts are presented as due up to one year. The Company usually renegotiates its credit lines and overdrafts.

Loans received by the Company as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

	As of	As of
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Borrowings from financial institutions – Note 12.2	63,161	68,421
Loans from related parties – Note 27	1,178	, <u>-</u>
Loans from non-related parties – Note 12.3	2,070	1,594
TOTAL LOANS	66,409	70,015

12.2 Borrowings from financial institutions

Borrowings from financial institutions, received by the Company as of December 2013 and 2012 are, as follows:

	Note _	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Credit line – SG Expressbank AD	(a)	18,296	17,416
Credit lines – Unicredit Bulbank AD	(b)	19,199	22,332
Investment loans - DSK Bank AD	(c)	10,227	11,833
Credit lines and overdraft UBB AD	(d)	_	679
Investment Ioan - Unicredit Bulbank AD	(e)	2,087	2,764
Credit line – ING Bank AD	(f)	1,178	2,124
Credit line – MKB Unionbank AD	(g)	1,181	3,607
Credit lines- International Asset Bank AD	(h)	2,772	6,815
Overdraft - Investbank AD	(i)	4,409	850
Credit line – Alpha Bank	(j)	1,196	050
Credit line – D Bank	(k)	ř	(-)
Corporate credit cards – Unicredit Bulbank AD		1,412	-
	(1)		1
TOTAL LOANS FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		61,959	68,421

As of December 31, 2013 the Company has received the amount of BGN 1,202 thousand on short-term borrowings from non-financial institutions.

12. Loans (continued)

12.2 Borrowings from financial institutions (continued)

The main parameters of borrowings received from financial institutions are, as follows:

- (a) In May 2010 the Company has received a revolving loan from SG Expressbank at the amount of EUR 15,325 thousand to finance a project for cabling and installing of monitoring and measurement equipment and automation in Units 3 and 4 of Mochovce Nuclear Power Plant, Slovak Republic. The loan is collaterized by a pledge of receivables under the contract, pledge of materials and equipment. As of December 31, 2013 BGN 13,691 thousand have been utilized.
 - In July 2011 the Company has signed a contract for financing of construction and assembly activities, at total limited of EUR 5,000 thousand. As of December 31, 2013 the amount of BGN 4,605 thousand have been utilized.
- (b) As of December 31, 2013 the Company has utilized BGN 15,728 thousand under a combined credit line, contracted with Unicredit Bulbank. The credit line limit is EUR 8,500 thousand. In order to secure the loans from Unicredit Bulbank the Company has established a mortgage of land and buildings and pledge of present and future receivables from a customer.

The Company has received four combined credit lines from UniCredit Bulbank AD to finance specific contracts, secured by present and future receivables from contracting parties under those contracts. The main parameters of the credit lines are as follows:

- > Total amount of EUR 297 thousand of which EUR 250 thousand for working capital. The amount utilised as of December 31, 2013 is BGN 157 thousand
- Total amount of EUR 600 thousand, of which EUR 500 thousand for working capital. The amount utilised as of December 31, 2013 is BGN 731 thousand.
- ➤ Total amount of BGN 2,910 thousand Levs, of which BGN 2,500 thousand for working capital. The amount utilised as of December 31, 2013 is BGN 1,887 thousand
- Total amount of BGN 2,100 thousand, of which BGN 2,000 thousand for working capital. The amount utilised as of December 31, 2013 is BGN 696 thousand.
- (c) Loans from DSK Bank are granted for financing of Company's energy efficiency projects. Limits of the loans are EUR 7,750 thousand and as of December 31, 2013 the Company has utilized BGN 10,227 thousand. In order to secure the loans from DSK Bank the Company has issued a promissory note, pledge of future receivables from customers under financed projects and finance risk insurance.
- (d) The overdraft from UBB is with limit of EUR 1,450 thousand for working capital and bank guarantees. As of September 30, 2013 it is fully repaid.
- (e) The Company has received an investment loan from Unicredit Bulbank for the purchase of the office building of the Company in Sofia. As of December 31, 2013 the utilized amount is BGN 2,087 thousand. The loan has been secured by a mortgage on the building and its surrounding land.
- (f) The Company has received a credit limit for working capital financing and bank guarantees issue by ING Bank N.V. Sofia branch at the amount of BGN 17,800 thousand, from which as of December 31, 2013 the utilized amount is BGN 1,178 thousand as overdraft and two credit lines, securing working capital needs for the execution of specific contracts. As a security the Company has established collateral of present and future receivables from a customer, owned by the Company and a promissory note in favour of the bank has been issued.

12. Loans (continued)

12.2 Borrowings from financial institutions (continued)

- (g) The Company has received two credit lines from MKB Unionbank AD, which are fully repaid as of March 31, 2012. On March 28, 2012 the Company has signed a new credit line agreement for financing a certain contract. The total amount is EUR 4,800 thousand and of which EUR 2,500 thousand for working capital. As of December 31, 2013 the utilized amount is BGN 1,181 thousand. Loans are secured by pledge on receivables on the respective contract.
- (h) The Company has signed three credit line agreements with International Asset Bank AD for the purpose of financing working capital and the execution of a certain contract. As of December 31, 2013 the Company has used only two credit facilities with outstanding balance of BGN 2,772 thousand. Loans are secured by pledge on receivables on contracts.
- (i) The Company has received a credit facility for working capital financing and bank guarantee issue from Investbank AD at the amount of BGN 8,151 thousand as an overdraft and credit line. As of December 31, 2013 the Company has utilized BGN 4,409 thousand, securing working capital needs for the execution of a certain contracts. The frame is secured by pledge on land, current and future receivables from customers, owned by the Company and a promissory note in favour of the Bank.
- (j) On February 26, 2013 the Company has signed an agreement with Alpha Bank AD regarding a new combined credit line for the financing of a certain contract with total amount of EUR 1,667 thousand, of which EUR 1,607 thousand for working capital financing. The utilized as of December 31, 2013 is BGN 1,196 thousand. Loans are secured by a pledge of receivables on certain contract.
- (k) On October 4, 2013 the Company has signed a contract with D Bank AD regarding a new combined credit line for the purpose of financing a specific contract at total size of BGN 2,351 thousand, of which BGN 1,820 thousand for working capital. Amount utilized as of December 31, 2013 is BGN 1,412 thousand. Loans are secured by a pledge of receivables on certain contract.
- (1) The Company has signed an agreement with UniCredit Bulbank AD for issuing corporate credit cards with a limit of BGN 100 thousand. The amount of BGN 2, 000 thousand has been utilized as of December 31, 2013

In relation to the issue of bank guarantees the Company has received credit facilities from BNP Paribas – Sofia branch at the amount of EUR 1,000 thousand. Current and future receivables from customer with maximum amount of EUR 1,000 thousand, goods and materials with obligatory minimum of EUR 1,000 thousand are pledged as collateral and a promissory note is signed in favour of the bank. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the Company has no liabilities on loans related to the credit facility.

The Company has signed loan agreements for issuance of bank guarantee with First Investment Bank AD at the amount of EUR 1,500 thousand. The loan is secured by a pledge on future receivables from customers for which the bank guarantees have been issued. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the Company has no liabilities on loans related to the credit facility.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (REISSUED, SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

12. Loans (continued)

12.2 Borrowings from financial institutions (continued)

Covenants under loan contracts

In accordance with the provisions of the bank loans, the Company should comply with a number of financial covenants. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the Company is in compliance with all financial covenants.

12.3. Loans from non-related parties

As of December 31, 2013 the loans from non-related parties consist of unsecured loans from Izolko OOD and SIP OOD at the amount of BGN 1,543 thousand and BGN 527 thousand, respectively. The loans bear interest rates between 8% and 9% and maturity in 2013, and the term has been expended.

As of December 31, 2012 the loans from non-related parties consist of unsecured loans from Izolko OOD, Enemona Start AD, SIP EOOD and others at the amount of BGN 905 thousand, BGN 180 thousand, BGN 479 thousand and BGN 30 thousand, respectively. The loans bear interest rates between 8% and 9% and maturity in 2012, the term could be extended by one month.

13. Finance lease

Part of the tangible fixed assets owned by the Company has been leased under finance lease contracts. The average term of the contracts is three years. The average effective interest rate under the finance lease contracts is 7%. The fair value of the lease liabilities of the Company is close to their carrying amount.

	Minimum lease liabilities		Present value of minimum lease liabilities	
	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Liabilities under finance lease with maturity:				
Up to 1 year	80	471	78	444
Between 2 and 5 years	95	235	87	228
TOTAL LIABILITIES	175	706	165	672
Less: future finance charges	(10)	(34)	2	_
PRESENT VALUE OF LIABILITIES	165	672	165	672

14. Provisions

Provisions represent accruals for unused paid leave at the amount of BGN 358 thousand and BGN 470 thousand as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The Company has accrued provision at the amount of BGN 3,035 thousand and BGN 294 thousand as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, for performance of contractual obligations under construction agreements.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (REISSUED. SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

15. Long-term employee benefits

In accordance with the Bulgarian Labour Code, upon termination of labour contracts, when the employee is entitled to retirement benefits, the Company owes severance payments of 2 gross monthly salaries. In case the employee has worked for more than 10 years with the Company, the severance payment is 6 gross monthly salaries. As of December 31, 2013 the Company has accrued BGN 368 thousand for provision of long-term employee benefits as the provision is calculated by a licensed actuary.

The basic assumptions, used by the licensed actuary for calculation of the present value of liabilities are based on:

- Demographic assumptions
- Mortality chart
- Invalidation chart
- Retirement probability
- Financial assumptions
- Salary growth
- Discount rate due to the long-term nature of the liability, a 6% discount rate has been applied.

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation in the current period are presented below:

	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended 31.12.2012
AS OF JANUARY 1	62	62
Interest cost	16	-
Current service cost	141	-
Benefits paid	(67)	·
Actuarial losses	216	_
AS OF DECEMBER 31	368	62
Trade and other payables		

16.

	As of	As of
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Payables to suppliers	16,163	7,297
Payables to related parties (note 27)	2,803	2,554
Payables for dividends on preferred shares	2,199	2,067
Payables to staff	2,199	1,513
Payables to social insurance organizations	4,664	1,235
Payables for VAT liabilities in Bulgaria and abroad	4,371	416
Payables under tax liabilities on individuals in Bulgaria and abroad	2,265	1,138
Other payables	3,207	1,017
TOTAL TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	37,871	17,237

Other payables comprise BGN 650 thousand received deposit under transaction for the sale in Nevrokop gas AD.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (REISSUED, SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

17. Revenue

	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended 31.12.2012
Revenue from construction contracts Revenue from services	60,615 219	60,503 322
TOTAL REVENUE	60,834	60,825

The information on construction contracts in progress as of the end of the reporting period is presented below:

	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Construction costs incurred plus recognized profits less recognized losses		
to date	244,779	180,315
Less: Progress billings	(223,803)	(163,257)
	20,976	17,058
Gross amounts presented in the separate statement of financial position comprise:		
Gross amount due from customers under construction contracts	23,470	23,840
Gross amount due to customers under construction contracts	(2,494)	(6,782)
	20,976	17,058

Retentions held by customers for contract work amounted to BGN 6,107 thousand and BGN 8,930 thousand for December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Advances received from customers for contract work amount to BGN 14,199 thousand and BGN 13,171 thousand for December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the Company reviewed for objective evidences for impairment of the gross amount due from clients on construction contracts in order to ensure that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed the present value of the expected future cash flows.

18. Investment revenue

	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended 31.12.2012
Interest income	2,497	2,567
Dividend income	861	3,151
Foreign exchange gains	8	17
TOTAL INVESTMENT REVENUE	3,366	5,735

19. Materials and consumables used

	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended 31.12.2012
Materials for main activities	25,612	10,965
Expenses for instruments	371	262
Electric power	216	102
Fuels	103	181
Spare parts	37	17
Stationery	193	135
TOTAL MATERIALS AND CONSUMABLES USED	26,532	11,662

During the year materials and equipment at the amount of BGN 9,062 thousand are used under a main contract in Germany.

20. Hired services

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Under agreements with subcontractors	10,765	11,212
Services with mechanization	1,545	872
Transportation	1,635	1,438
Legal, consulting and mediatory services	1,403	1,093
Insurances	726	1,040
Advertising	7	11
Telecommunications	173	203
Rents	2,836	2,175
Design	842	297
Heating	51	41
Working permissions and tender documentation	63	175
Start-up and commissioning works and control	1,086	796
Software licenses and maintenance of hardware	247	137
Security	59	107
Translations	124	79
Courier services	125	69
Other services	101	116
TOTAL HIRED SERVICES	21,788	19,861

20. Hired services (continued)

In the statement of comprehensive income for the year ending December 31, 2013, expenses for fees, mortgages and guarantees at the amount of BGN 1,781 thousand and expenses for bank fees at the amount of BGN 206 thousand are transferred in Finance cost in note 24 at Finance costs on construction contracts at the amount of BGN 1,332 thousand and at Fees, mortgages, guarantees at the amount of BGN 655 thousand. The comparative information for the year ending December, 31, 2012 is updated, as expenses for fees, mortgages and guarantees at the amount of BGN 1,561 thousand and bank fees at the amount of BGN 134 thousand are disclosed in Finance cost in note 24 at Finance costs on construction contracts at the amount of BGN 1,112 thousand and at Fees, mortgages, guarantees at the amount of BGN 583 thousand. The update is with the aim of better presentation of finance cost in the separate statement of comprehensive income.

21. Employee benefits expenses

	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended 31.12.2012
Remunerations under labour contracts	20,730	21,367
Remunerations under management contracts	189	256
Civil contracts	73	226
Social and health securities	3,256	2,898
Food	814	782
Compensated leaves	311	216
Other expenses	690	426
TOTAL EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES	26,063	26,171

22. Other expenses

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Business trips	2,869	2,616
Storage of equipment		420
Expenses for one-off taxes and fees	263	474
Obsolete non-current assets	155	212
Entertainment expenses	12	45
Donations	60	15
Other	62	390
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES	3,421	4,172

23. Other gains / (losses), net

	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended 31.12.2012
Proceeds from sale of non-current assets	6,207	502
Carrying amount of sold and disposed non-current assets	(5,243)	(438)
Gains from sale of non-current assets	964	64
Proceeds from sale of materials	86	91
Carrying amount of sold materials	(54)	(69)
Gains from sale of materials	32	22
Revenue from sale of electricity	313	-
Carrying amount of sold electricity	(313)	ž
Profit from sale of electricity	_	-
Revenue from sale of investments in subsidiaries	160	3,100
Carrying amount of sold investments in subsidiaries	(120)	(2,250)
Profit from sale of investments in subsidiaries	40	850
Subsequent premiums from sale of investments in subsidiaries	120	8
Loss from sale of receivables	(257)	(862)
Loss from discounting of receivables on ESCO contracts		(1,831)
Reversal of allowance for impairment of receivables	123	1,589
Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments	756	-
Provision for contractual obligation – note 14	(3,035)	(294)
Rent income	311	469
Revenue from consulting services	304	32
Penalties and other, net	(1,171)	533
Other losses from accounting estimates	(2)	(170)
TOTAL OTHER GAINS/ (LOSSES), NET	(1,815)	402

The rebate from discounting of receivables represents discount at additional recognition of ESCO receivables. He used discount factor approximates the discount for the sale of these receivables.

There are no ESCO receivables for the year ended December 31, 2013.

24. Finance cost

	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended 31.12.2012
Interest expense	2,934	2,737
Finance costs on construction contracts	3,297	2,645
Fees, mortgages, guarantees	655	583
Expenses on financial liability on preferred shares	490	570
Foreign exchange losses	76	38
TOTAL FINANCE COST	7,452	6,573

25. Taxation

Deferred taxes are as follows:

	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Deferred tax assets		
Impairment of receivables	1,026	3,260
Deductible tax loss	-,	117
Impairment of investments in subsidiaries	166	241
Impairment of other assets	14	2
Provisions	190	53
TOTAL DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	1,396	3,673
Deferred tax liabilities		
Non-current assets	829	1,094
TOTAL DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	829	1,094
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS, NET	567	2,579

Deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 are calculated by applying tax rate of 10% according to the Corporate Income Taxation Act and applicable for the periods in which the temporary differences will be realized.

Deferred tax liabilities recognized in equity as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 amount to BGN 337 thousand and BGN 557 thousand, respectively.

Income tax expenses for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended 31.12.2012
Current income tax expense Deferred tax in relation to occurrence and reversal of temporary	*	125
differences	2,012	(18)
OTAL TAX EXPENSE	2,012	107

The calculations for the effective interest rate are presented in the following table:

	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended 31.12.2012
Profit before taxation Applicable tax rate	(24,126) 	(3,078)
Tax by applicable tax rate Tax effect of the non-deductible and non-taxable positions Effect of different tax rates in other tax jurisdictions	(2,413) 4,425	(308) 303 112
TAX EXPENSE EFFECTIVE TAX RATE	2,012 (8%)	(3%)

26. Basic and diluted earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the year subject to allocation between the shareholders of the Company to the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the period.

	Year ended	Year ended
Des Et C 11	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Profit for allocation between the shareholders in BGN	(26,138,201)	(3,185,295)
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares	11,933,600	11,933,600
Basic earnings per share (in BGN)	(2.19)	0.27

As disclosed in Note 11, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the Company has issued preferred shares and warrants which in 2013 and 2012 do not influence diluted earnings per share as their conversion to ordinary shares would not have dilutive effect on basic earnings per share.

27. Related parties transactions

The Company's related parties with which it has performed transactions in 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

RELATED PARTY	TYPE OF RELATION
Enemona Utilities AD	Subsidiary
Esco Engineering AD	Subsidiary
EESF SPV	Subsidiary
Pirin Power AD	Subsidiary
Hemusgas AD	Subsidiary
FINI SPV	Subsidiary
TFEZ Nikopol EAD	Subsidiary
Nevrokop gas AD	Subsidiary
Enemona Galabovo AD	Subsidiary until October 19, 2012
EMKO AD	Subsidiary Subsidiary
Regionalgas AD	Subsidiary
Hemusgas AD	Subsidiary
Artanes Mining Group AD	Subsidiary
FEZ Mladenovo EAD	Subsidiary
Alfa Enemona OOD	Associated company
Global Capital OOD	Company under common control
G Oil Expert EOOD	
Eco Invest Holding AD	Company under common control
Resource Engineering EOOD	Company under common control
Softgeo-Lint 2006 OOD	Company under common control
~~~B**	Company under common control

### 27. Related parties transactions (continued)

The table below discloses the transactions performed with related parties:

Related party	Year ended	Year ended
Enemona Utilities AD	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
EMKO AD	372	2,008
FINI SPV	63	35
TFEZ Nikopol EAD	5	5
EESF SPV	2	2
Alfa Enemona OOD	766	1,142
	104	72
Eco Invest Holding	1	1
G Oil Expert EOOD	5	2
TOTAL INCOME FROM RELATED PARTIES	1 210	
	1,318	3,268

The table below discloses the expenses for related party transactions:

Enemona Utilities AD	Year ended 31.12.2013	Year ended 31.12.2012
EMKO AD	73	40
TOTAL EXPENSES TO RELATED PARTIES	1,737	1,941
2 2 2 2 COLD TO RELATED PARTIES	1,810	1,981

Expenses for transactions with related parties in 2013 comprise expenses for electricity with Enemona Utilities AD and expenses on construction costs with subcontractor EMKO AD for 2012 are expenses with agreements with subcontractors.

The table below discloses the balances of receivables from related parties:

	As of	As of
Enemona Utilities AD	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Esco Engineering AD	94	96
Pirin Power AD	38	38
EESF SPV	4	4
Nevrokop gas AD	1,449	2,077
Hemusgas AD	15	15
EMKO AD	13	13
TFEZ Nikopol EAD	677	634
	105	103
TOTAL RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED		
PARTIES	2,395	2,980

Receivables from related parties comprise loans to related parties (note 7) and trade receivables (note 9).

### 28. Geographical information

The table below presents balances of payables to related parties as of December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Enemona Utilities AD	1,230	331
Esco Engineering AD EMKO AD	3	4
TOTAL PAYABLES TO RELATED PARTIES	2,748 3.981	2,219
	3,981	2,554

Payables to related parties comprise payables on loans (note 12) and trade payables (note 16).

Receivables and payables from/to related parties are uncollaterized and are expected to be settled through cash payments. There are no guarantees provided or received in relation to this transaction. There is no impairment accrued on receivables from related parties.

In 2013 and 2012 the management personnel has received remuneration at the amount of BGN 189 thousand and BGN 255 thousand.

The Company operates in three principal geographical areas – Bulgaria, Germany, Slovakia, Norway and Great Britain.

The Company's revenue from external clients and information about non-current assets, excluding financial instruments, deferred tax assets, post-employment benefit assets, and assets arising from insurance contracts, is presented as follows:

	Revenue from external clients		Non-current a	issets
	Year ended	Year ended	As of	As of
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Bulgaria	28,072	22,510	29,631	35,230
Slovakia	19,809	18,501	452	406
Germany	11,660	17,492	330	112
Norway	743	491	5	5
Great Britain	272	-	6	3
Other	59	1,509	=	-
=	60,615	60,503	30,424	35,753

The Company registered a branch in 2013 in Great Britain.

### 29. Financial instruments, financial risk and capital management

### Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Loans and receivables Cash and cash equivalents	77,923 856	83,835 1,822
Financial liabilities	78,779	85,657
Financial liabilities at amortized cost	107,064	90,380

Loans and receivables consist of loans granted by the Company including other current assets and other non-current assets as well as trade and other receivables, gross amounts due from customers on construction contracts and financial instruments held for trading.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost include loans granted to the Company, lease liabilities as well as trade and other payables, dividends payable on preferred shares.

### Fair value estimation of financial instruments, measured at fair value

IFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosure" requires additional the disclosures to the financial statements to include information for fair value measurement of financial assets and liabilities which are not presented at fair value in the statement of financial position.

The following table presents information for the carrying amount and fair value of financial assets and liabilities:

	Carrying amount		Fair value	
Ti.	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012	As of 31.12.2012	As of 31.12.2012
Financial assets Loans and borrowings Cash and cash equivalents	77,923 856	83,835 1,822	77,923 856	83,835 1,822
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortized cost	405			1,022
COST	107,064	90,380	107,064	90,380

The management's estimate is that the fair value of financial instruments is approximate to their carrying amount as most of them are current.

### 29. Financial instruments, financial risk and capital management (continued)

### Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk in case the clients fail to meet their obligations.

The accounts with the main contractors of the Company are as follows:

Name	Туре	Carrying amount of receivable as of 31.12.2013	Carrying amount of receivable as of 31.12.2012
Contractor 1 Contractor 2 Contractor 3 Contractor 4 Contractor 5	Abroad In the country In the country In the country Abroad	6,916 2,499 1,505 1,386 1,339	4,286 2,392 - 1,325 440

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the separate financial statements, which is net of impairment losses, represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk. The trade and other receivables and the gross amount due from customers on construction contracts are not secured. The gross amount due to customers under construction contracts and loans granted and receivables is not included when determining the credit risk exposure.

The net exposure of receivables from customers and loans granted and receivables are at the amount of BGN 16,958 thousand and are collaterized in favour of bank borrowings with lands, properties and receivables to total amount of collateral of BGN 11,945 thousand.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may have difficulties in meeting its obligations related to settling financial liabilities, which require payment of cash, cash equivalents or other financial asset. Liquidity risk arises from the time difference between the agreed maturity of monetary assets and liabilities and the possibility that debtors may not be able to settle their obligations to the Company in terms due.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 undiscounted cash flows on financial liabilities of the Company, analysed by residual term as of the date of the separate statement of financial position until the date of subsequent negotiating or maturity are, as follows:

As of December 31, 2013	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 months to 1 year	From 1 year to 5 years	Total
Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Loans Finance lease liabilities Finance liability on professional liability on professional liability.	17,736 5,613 19	20,135 56,066 61	14,451 95	37,871 76,130 175
Finance liability on preferred shares Total financial liabilities	23,368	76,262	3,510 18,056	3,510 117,686

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (REISSUED, SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 29. Financial instruments, financial risk and capital management (continued)

### Liquidity risk

As of December 31, 2012	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 months to 1 year	From 1 year to 5 years	Total
Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Loans Finance lease liabilities Finance liability on preferred shares Total financial liabilities	8,399 4,855 111 13,365	8,838 65,511 333  74,682	4,622 228 4,604 9,454	17,237 74,988 672 4,604 97,501

Current loans of the Company include credit lines and overdraft with maturity in 2014. The Company usually renegotiates part of the credit lines and overdrafts.

Credit lines from Societe Generale Expressbank, UniCredit Bulbank, Unionbank and International Asset Bank are granted for the purpose of implementation of specific construction contracts (see also note 12). Repayment of these loans is linked to the implementation of the commitments of the Company under the respective contract and the cash flows generated by the specific construction contract.

### Foreign currency risk

As the Company operates in the country and in the EU it is exposed to insignificant foreign currency risk. A small percentage of income/expenses are generated in foreign currency different from the Bulgarian lev and Euro. The Company implement a contract in Norway, whose active phase will start in 2014. Therefore, the management of the Company considers that the effect from possible changes in exchange rates would not have significant effect on profit or loss.

### Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk fluctuation mainly from received bank and debenture loans with floating interest rate which are at the amount of BGN 63,161( of which BGN 21,286 with floating interest rate) and BGN 68,421 thousand as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and the interest payments are based on EURIBOR plus margin. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the Company has not used instruments for compensating the potential changes of the EURIBOR levels.

If the interest rates for these loans increased by 0.5% in 2013 and 2012, the interest expense for the year would increase, and profit after taxation would decrease by BGN 106 thousand and BGN 642thousand, respectively, and vice versa, if the interest rate decreases by 0.5%.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (REISSUED, SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 29. Financial instruments, financial risk and capital management (continued)

### Capital management

The Company manages its capital to operate as a going concern and optimize return by improving the debt/equity ratio. The capital structure of the Company comprises cash and cash equivalents, received loans and share capital.

Gearing ratio as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

Loons	As of 31.12.2013	As of 31.12.2012
Loans Cash and cash equivalents Loans net of cash and cash equivalents	66,574 (856) 65,718	70,687 (1,822) 68,865
Equity  Gearing ratio (loans net of cash and cash equivalents to equity)	20,946	47,300 1.46

### 30. Reissuance of the separate financial statements for 2013

These financial statements include correction of errors detected after the separate financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 had been issued on June 17, 2014.

The errors are related to:

- a) The Company has reconsidered the application of the requirements of IAS 11 Construction contracts with regards to income from default on contract at the amount of BGN 23,100 thousand. As of December 31, 2013 and the date of preparation of the accompanying separate financial statements, the customer has not confirmed that they accept the default claim of the Company and has not made a payment as claimed by the Company. As per the requirements of IAS 11 Construction contracts income from claims should be included in the contract revenue only when negotiations have reached an advanced stage such that it is probable that the customer will accept the claim. Despite the fact that the Company has filed a court claim against the customer in 2014, no income from default has been reported in these separate financial statements.
- b) As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company has reconsidered the calculation of the stage of completion of several construction contracts and the provisions for future losses on these contracts as a result of which revenue and expenses have been accounted for in the correct period. As a result, for the year ended December 31, 2012 revenue has decreased by BGN 4,627 thousand, expenses for provisions on construction contracts have increased by BGN 294 thousand, hereby the financial result of the Company has decreased by BGN 4,921 thousand, the net gross amount due from customers has decreased by BGN 4,627 thousand, constructive obligations of BGN 294 thousand have been recognised and retained earnings have decreased by BGN 4,921 thousand.

### 30. Reissuance of the separate financial statements for 2013 (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2013 revenue has decreased by BGN 1,708 thousand, expenses for provisions on construction contracts have increased by BGN 1,585 thousand, financial expenses related to construction contracts have increased by BGN 133 thousand, hereby the financial result of the Company has decreased by BGN 3,426 thousand, gross amount due from customers has decreased by BGN 1,709 thousand, additional constructive obligations of BGN 1,585 thousand have been recognised, trade and other payables have increased by BGN 133 thousand and the cumulative effect on retained earnings as of December 31, 2013 is a decrease of BGN 8,347 thousand.

As a result of the above described errors the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 issued on June 17, 2014 has been corrected as the effect on the respective items in these financial statements is as follows:

Separate statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2013

	Year ended 31.12.2013	Effect of correction	Restated for 2013	
Revenue Other gains / (losses), net Finance costs (Loss) / profit before tax Net (loss) / profit for the year Tax expense	85,642 (230) (7,319) 2,400 387 (2,013)	(24,808) (1,585) (133) (26,526) (26,526)	60,834 (1,815) (7,452) (24,126) (26,139) (2,012)	
Separate statement of financial position as of December 31, 2013				
<u>Assets</u>	As of 31.12.2013	Effect of correction	Restated as of 31.12.2013	
Trade and other receivables Gross amount due from customers on construction contracts	58,004 29,805	(23,100) (6,335)	34,904 23,470	
Equity Retained earnings / (uncovered loss)	1,907	(31,446)	(29,539)	
<u>Liabilities</u> Trade and other payables Provisions	37,738 1,808	133 1,879	37,871 3,687	

### 30. Reissuance of the separate financial statements for 2013 (continued)

The changes in comparative information related to the above described corrections are as follows:

Separate statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2012

	·				
	Year ended 31.12.2012	Effect of correction	Restated for 2012		
Revenue Other gains / (losses), net (Loss) / profit before tax Net (loss) / profit for the year	65,452 696 1,843 1,736	(4,627) (294) (4,921) (4,921)	60,825 (402) (3,078) (3,185)		
Separate statement of financial position as of December 31, 2012					
Assets	As of 31.12.2012	Effect of correction	Restated as of 31.12.2012		
Gross amount due from customers on construction contracts	27,428	(3,588)	23,840		
Equity					

1,736

5,743

470

(4,921)

1,039

294

### 31. Contingent liabilities

Liabilities

**Provisions** 

construction contracts

Retained earnings / (uncovered loss)

Gross amounts due to customers under

As of December 31, 2013 the Company is a guarantor, co-debtor or avalist of promissory note on loan contract for loans granted to the subsidiaries by Bulgarian banks, as follows:

Type of contingent liability	Borrower	Bank	Amount of
Guarantor	EESF SPV	EBRD	17,502
Co-debtor	Enemona Utilities AD	Unicredit Bulbank AD	1,833

As of the date of these separate financial statements the subsidiaries regularly serve these loans.

As of December 31, 2012 the Company is a guarantor, co-debtor or avalist of promissory note on loan contract for loans granted to the subsidiaries by Bulgarian banks, as follows:

(3,185)

6,782

764

### 31. Contingent liabilities (continued)

Type of contingent liability	Borrower	Bank	Amount of
Guarantor	EESF SPV	EBRD	23,267
Co-debtor	Enemona Utilities AD	Unicredit Bulbank AD	2,480

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 bank guarantees have been issued on behalf of the Company, at the amount of BGN 35,287 thousand and BGN 33,660 thousand, respectively, which are related mainly to the construction works, including energy and other facilities.

As of December 31, 2013 2 390 000 shares of EESF SPV owned by Enemona AD are pledge as collateral under repurchase deals.

### 32. Events after the reporting period

On January 30, 2014 an agreement for the sale of the gas business of the group has been signed. Through the sale of its subsidiary Nevrocop-gas AD, Enemona AD realises gain of BGN 355 thousand.

On April 16, 2014 the increase of capital of the subsidiary EESF REIT was completed. A total of 562,704 new shares with issue value of BGN 1.80 per share were issued, resulting in BGN 1,012,867.20 capital increase of the subsidiary. The parent company did not subscribe shares from the capital increase.

On July 15, 2014 a regular general meeting of the shareholders of the subsidiary EESF REIT was held, on which it was voted that the profit for 2013 at the amount of BGN 953,612.04 be distributed to the shareholders as dividend amounting to BGN 858,250.84, with the residual BGN 95,361.20 to be transferred to Reserves. The dividend of Enemona AD is amounting to BGN 756,977.24.

On August 20, 2014 an agreement for the sale of 1,143,000 shares, representing 25.66% of the capital of EESF REIT was signed. The Company has the right to buy back the shares within a 3-year period and agrees to buy back the shares after the expiration of the 3-year term at fixed price. The Company has committed to securing a minimum fixed return on the shares for the investor. The Company believes it holds control provided that it performs its obligations under the agreement.

On August 5, 2014 the Company signed an agreement for the sale of 89,466 shares representing 13.76% of the capital of FINI REIT. The market price is BGN 1 per share and the Company does not report a financial result from the transaction.

In 2014 the Company sells fixed assets with net book value of BGN 2,881 thousand for a total consideration of BGN 10,182 thousand, recognising a gain of BGN 7,301 thousand.

During 2014 the Company considered that buildings with net book value of BGN 4,008 thousand have been insignificantly used in its business activity, therefore the Company elected to reclassify them as investment property held with the purpose of capital gain or renting out. As of December 31, 2014 the investment property has been revalued at fair value.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (REISSUED, SUPERSEDING SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MARCH 27, 2014) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED) All amounts are in thousand Bulgarian Levs, except otherwise stated

### 32. Events after the reporting period (continued)

On March 7, 2014 the Company signed a loan agreement with Investbank AD with a total limit of BGN 7,735 thousand for financing of a construction contract, of which:

- -BGN 395 thousand limit for bank guarantees, fully utilised as of the date of these separate financial statements;
- -BGN 3,000 thousand for working capital, utilised for the performance of the contract, out of which BGN 478 thousand are due as of the date of the approval of these separate financial statements;
- -BGN 4,160 thousand letter of credit for supply of equipment related to the performance under the construction contract, fully utilised and repaid as of the date of the approval of these separate financial statements.

On April 28, 2014 the Company signed a loan agreement with International Asset Bank with a total limit of BGN 3,050 thousand for the financing of an ESCO contract, of which BGN 150 thousand for bank guarantees and BGN 2,900 thousand for working capital. As of the date of the approval of these separate financial statements the Company has outstanding liability of BGN 148 thousand for issued guarantees and BGN 1,931 thousand for working capital.

In 2014 the Company brought a lawsuit against a customer related to a default claim under a contract signed in 2008 at the amount of BGN 154,000 thousand under which the Company was assigned the drafting of feasibility studies, design, construction and putting into operation of certain buildings. An advance payment of BGN 5,250 thousand has been received by the Company under the contract. The first stage, including feasibility studies and design has been completed and handed over to the Assignor in 2009. The Assignor did not undertake any subsequent actions, therefore the performance under the contract was stopped. In 2012 the Company filed a written notice of unilateral termination of the agreement, thus claiming the default payment of BGN 23,100 thousand as set out in the agreement.